



AC Variable Speed Drive

0.75 - 250kW / 1 - 350HP 200-600V Single and 3 Phase Input

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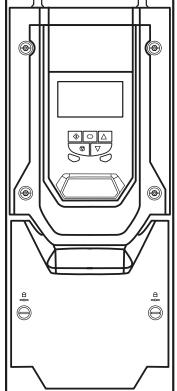
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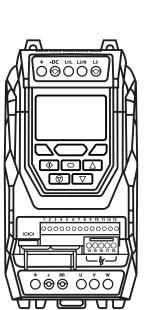
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Declaration of Conformity

Invertek Drives Ltd hereby states that the Optidrive Eco product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives: 2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD)

Design and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

EN 61800-5-1: 2003	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-3 2nd Ed: 2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods.
EN61000-3-12	Limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current > 16 A and <= 75 A per phase. Three phase 200V and three phase 400V Optidrive Eco products comply with IEC 61000-3-12 with respect to the THC without the need for Line Reactors, provided that the short-circuit power Ssc is greater than or equal to SSC (min) at the interface point between the user's supply and the public system. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a short-circuit power S_{SC} greater than or equal to $S_{SC (min)}$ calculated as: $S_{SC (min)} = 320 \times V_{rated} \times I_{rated}$ Where V_{rated} is the drive rated voltage (phase to phase) and I_{rated} is the drive rated current (per phase)
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment (EMC).
EN60529: 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures.

Safe Torque OFF ("STO") Function

Optidrive Eco incorporates a hardware STO (Safe Torque Off) Function, designed in accordance with the standards listed below.

Standard	Classification	Independent Approval
EN 61800-5-2:2016	Type 2	
EN ISO 13849-1:2015	PL "d"	
EN 61508 (Part 1 to 7):2010	SIL 2	*TUV
EN60204-1:2006 + A1:2009 + AC: 2010	Uncontrolled Stop "Category 0"	
EN 62061:2005/A2:2015	SIL CL 2	

Electromagnetic Compatibility

All Optidrives are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the supply via the power cables for compliance with harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2014/30/EU. When using an Optidrive with an internal or optional external filter, compliance with the following EMC Categories, as defined by EN61800-3:2004 can be achieved:

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All rights reserved. No part of this User Guide may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electrical or mechanical including photocopying, recording or by any information storage or retrieval system without permission in writing from the publisher.

2 Year Warranty: All Invertek Optidrive Eco units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

This User Guide is for use with version 2.50 Firmware. The firmware version can be viewed in parameter PO-28. User Guide Revision 3.07

Invertek Drives Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.



When installing the drive on any power supply where the phase-ground voltage may exceed the phase-phase voltage (typically IT supply networks or Marine vessels) it is essential that the internal EMC filter ground and surge protection varistor ground (where fitted) are disconnected. If in doubt, refer to your Sales Partner for further information.



This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.



This Optidrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.



Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

1. Introduction

1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.



Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (Optidrive) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The Optidrive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the Optidrive, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the Optidrive. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the Optidrive disconnected. Internal surge arrestors are fitted, intended to protect against damage due to mains borne spikes, which will result in the product failing

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the Optidrive before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits



Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with Directive 98/37/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for providing a main switch and ensuring the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1.

The level of integrity offered by the Optidrive control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed, is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present.

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The Optidrive can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

Optidrives are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive.

Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the Optidrive as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals

Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor. This may cause the drive protection to activate, resulting in a trip and loss of operation.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees.

Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the Optidrive. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.

2. General Information and Ratings

2.1. Drive Model Numbers

2.1.1. IP20 Units

	200 - 240	Volt, 1 Phas	e Input		
Model Code	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmonic
ODV-3-220043-1F12-TN	2	0.75	1	4.3	No
ODV-3-220070-1F12-TN	2	1.5	2	7	No
ODV-3-220105-1F12-TN	2	2.2	3	10.5	No
	200 - 240	Volt, 3 Phas	e Input		
Model Code	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmonic
ODV-3-220043-3F12-TN	2	0.75	1	4.3	Yes
ODV-3-220070-3F12-TN	2	1.5	2	7	Yes
ODV-3-220105-3F12-TN	2	2.2	3	10.5	Yes
ODV-3-320180-3F12-TN	3	4	5	18	Yes
ODV-3-320240-3F12-TN	3	5.5	7.5	24	Yes
ODV-3-420300-3F12-MN	4	7.5	10	30	Yes
ODV-3-420460-3F12-MN	4	11	15	46	Yes
ODV-3-520610-3F12-MN	5	15	20	61	Yes
ODV-3-520720-3F12-MN	5	18.5	25	72	Yes
ODV-3-520900-3F12-MN	5	22	30	90	Yes
ODV-3-621100-3F12-MN	6A	30	40	110	No
ODV-3-621500-3F12-MN	6A	37	50	150	No
ODV-3-621800-3F12-MN	6B	45	60	180	No
	380 - 480	Volt, 3 Phas	e Input		
Model Code	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmoni
ODV-3-240022-3F12-TN	2	0.75	1	2.2	Yes
ODV-3-240041-3F12-TN	2	1.5	2	4.1	Yes
ODV-3-240058-3F12-TN	2	2.2	3	5.8	Yes
ODV-3-240095-3F12-TN	2	4	5	9.5	Yes
ODV-3-340140-3F12-TN	3	5.5	7.5	14	Yes
ODV-3-340180-3F12-TN	3	7.5	10	18	Yes
ODV-3-340240-3F12-TN	3	11	15	24	Yes
ODV-3-440300-3F12-MN	4	15	20	30	Yes
ODV-3-440390-3F12-MN	4	18.5	25	39	Yes
ODV-3-440460-3F12-MN	4	22	30	46	Yes
ODV-3-540610-3F12-MN	5	30	40	61	Yes
ODV-3-540720-3F12-MN	5	37	50	72	Yes
ODV-3-540900-3F12-MN	5	45	60	90	Yes
ODV-3-641100-3F12-MN	6A	55	75	110	No
		<i>7</i> 5	100	150	No
ODV-3-641500-3F12-MN	6A	/ 5			
ODV-3-641500-3F12-MN ODV-3-641800-3F12-MN	6B	90	150	180	No
			150 175	180 202	No No
ODV-3-641800-3F12-MN	6B	90			

500 – 600 Volt, 3 Phase Input									
Model Code	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmonic				
ODV-3-260021-3012-TN	2	0.75	1	2.1	No				
ODV-3-260031-3012-TN	2	1.5	2	3.1	No				
ODV-3-260041-3012-TN	2	2.2	3	4.1	No				
ODV-3-260065-3012-TN	2	4	5	6.5	No				
ODV-3-260090-3012-TN	2	5.5	7.5	9	No				
ODV-3-360120-3012-TN	3	7.5	10	12	No				
ODV-3-360170-3012-TN	3	11	15	17	No				
ODV-3-360220-3012-TN	3	15	20	22	No				
ODV-3-460280-3012-MN	4	18.5	25	28	No				
ODV-3-460340-3012-MN	4	22	30	34	No				
ODV-3-460430-3012-MN	4	30	40	43	No				
ODV-3-560540-3012-MN	5	37	50	54	No				
ODV-3-560650-3012-MN	5	45	60	65	No				

2.1.2. IP66 Enclosed Units						
	200 - 240 Vo	lt, 1 Phase	Input			
Non-Switched	With Disconnect	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmonic
ODV-3-220043-1F1A-MN	ODV-3-220043-1F1E-MN	2A	0.75	1	4.3	No
ODV-3-220070-1F1A-MN	ODV-3-220070-1F1E-MN	2A	1.5	2	7	No
ODV-3-220105-1F1A-MN	ODV-3-220105-1F1E-MN	2A	2.2	3	10.5	No
	200 - 240 Vo	lt, 3 Phase	Input			
Non-Switched	With Disconnect	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmonic
ODV-3-220043-3F1A-MN	ODV-3-220043-3F1E-MN	2A	0.75	1	4.3	Yes
ODV-3-220070-3F1A-MN	ODV-3-220070-3F1E-MN	2A	1.5	2	7	Yes
ODV-3-220105-3F1A-MN	ODV-3-220105-3F1E-MN	2A	2.2	3	10.5	Yes
ODV-3-320180-3F1A-MN	ODV-3-320180-3F1E-MN	3	4	5	18	Yes
ODV-3-320240-3F1A-MN	ODV-3-320240-3F1E-MN	3	5.5	7.5	24	Yes
	380 - 480 Vo	lt, 3 Phase	Input			
Non-Switched	With Disconnect	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmonic
ODV-3-240022-3F1A-MN	ODV-3-240022-3F1E-MN	2A	0.75	1	2.2	Yes
ODV-3-240041-3F1A-MN	ODV-3-240041-3F1E-MN	2A	1.5	2	4.1	Yes
ODV-3-240058-3F1A-MN	ODV-3-240058-3F1E-MN	2A	2.2	3	5.8	Yes
ODV-3-240095-3F1A-MN	ODV-3-240095-3F1E-MN	2B	4	5	9.5	Yes
ODV-3-340140-3F1A-MN	ODV-3-340140-3F1E-MN	3	5.5	7.5	14	Yes
ODV-3-340180-3F1A-MN	ODV-3-340180-3F1E-MN	3	7.5	10	18	Yes
ODV-3-340240-3F1A-MN	ODV-3-340240-3F1E-MN	3	11	15	24	Yes
	500 - 600 Vo	lt, 3 Phase	Input			
Non-Switched	With Disconnect	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmonic
ODV-3-260021-301A-MN	ODV-3-260021-301E-MN	2A	0.75	1	2.1	No
ODV-3-260031-301A-MN	ODV-3-260031-301E-MN	2A	1.5	2	3.1	No
ODV-3-260041-301A-MN	ODV-3-260041-301E-MN	2A	2.2	3	4.1	No
ODV-3-260065-301A-MN	ODV-3-260065-301E-MN	2A	4	5	6.5	No
ODV-3-260090-301A-MN	ODV-3-260090-301E-MN	2A	5.5	7.5	9	No
ODV-3-360120-301 A-MN	ODV-3-360120-301 E-MN	3	7.5	10	12	No
ODV-3-360170-301 A-MN	ODV-3-360170-301 E-MN	3	11	15	17	No

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2.1.3. IP55 Enclosed Units

	200 - 240	Volt, 3 Phas	e Input		
Model Code	Frame	kW	НР	Amps	Low Harmonic
ODV-3-420300-3F1N-TN	4	7.5	10	30	Yes
ODV-3-420460-3F1N-TN	4	11	15	46	Yes
ODV-3-520610-3F1N-TN	5	15	20	61	Yes
ODV-3-520720-3F1N-TN	5	18.5	25	72	Yes
ODV-3-620900-3F1N-TN	5	22	30	90	Yes
ODV-3-621100-3F1N-TN	6	30	40	110	No
ODV-3-621500-3F1N-TN	6	37	50	150	No
ODV-3-621800-3F1N-TN	6	45	60	180	No
ODV-3-722020-3F1N-TN	7	55	75	202	No
ODV-3-722480-3F1N-TN	7	75	100	248	No
	380 - 480	Volt, 3 Phas	e Input		
Model Code	Frame	kW	НР	Amps	Low Harmonic
ODV-3-440300-3F1N-TN	4	15	20	30	Yes
ODV-3-440390-3F1N-TN	4	18.5	25	39	Yes
ODV-3-440460-3F1N-TN	4	22	30	46	Yes
ODV-3-540610-3F1N-TN	5	30	40	61	Yes
ODV-3-540720-3F1N-TN	5	37	50	72	Yes
ODV-3-540900-3F1N-TN	5	45	60	90	Yes
ODV-3-641100-3F1N-TN	6	55	75	110	No
ODV-3-641500-3F1N-TN	6	75	100	150	No
ODV-3-641800-3F1N-TN	6	90	150	180	No
ODV-3-742020-3F1N-TN	7	110	175	202	No
ODV-3-742400-3F1N-TN	7	132	200	240	No
ODV-3-743020-3F1N-TN	7	160	250	302	No
	500 - 600	Volt, 3 Phas	e Input		
Model Code	Frame	kW	HP	Amps	Low Harmonic
ODV-3-460220-301 N-TN	4	15	20	22	No
ODV-3-460280-301N-TN	4	18.5	25	28	No
ODV-3-460340-301 N-TN	4	22	30	34	No
ODV-3-460430-301N-TN	4	30	40	43	No
ODV-3-560540-301N-TN	5	37	50	54	No
ODV-3-560650-301N-TN	5	45	60	65	No
ODV-3-660780-301N-TN	6	55	75	78	No
ODV-3-661050-301 N-TN	6	75	100	105	No
ODV-3-661300-301 N-TN	6	90	125	130	No
ODV-3-661500-301 N-TN	6	110	150	150	No

2.1.4. Low Harmonic Variants

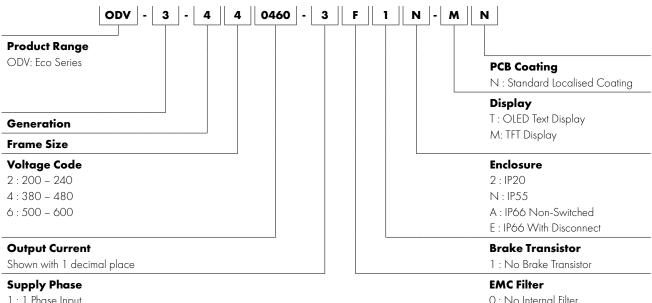
The majority of the Optidrive Eco product range is based on a low harmonic solution using film capacitor technology to achieve compliance with EN 61000-3-12 without the need for any additional equipment. This standard specifies limits for harmonic currents for equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current > 16A and <= 75A per phase. It is important to understand which models from the product range are of the low harmonic technology which is detailed below.

The Optidrive Eco three phase 200V (200-240V) input and three phase 400V (380-480V) input drives frame sizes 2 up to and including frame size 5 are a lower harmonic drive using film capacitor technology. Please refer to the product rating tables in section 2.1. Drive Model Numbers for confirmation.

In short, this means that the low harmonic drives do not require an input choke and should not have one installed – drives outside of the above frame sizes and supply voltage / number of phases, are of standard electrolytic capacitor design and could benefit from the use of input chokes if further harmonic reduction is required.

2.2. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

Each drive can be identified by its model number, shown below. The model number is on the shipping label and the drive nameplate. The model number includes the drive and factory fitted options.



- 1:1 Phase Input
- 3:3 Phase Input

0: No Internal Filter

F: Internal EMC Filter

3. Mechanical Installation

3.1. General

- The Optidrive should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the Optidrive.
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in sections 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure mounting (IP20 Units) on page 13, 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) on page 15 and 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units) on page 14 are left clear.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the Optidrive given in section 11.1. Environmental.
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the Optidrive.

3.2. Before Installation

- Carefully unpack the Optidrive and check for any signs of damage. Notify the shipper immediately if any exist.
- Check the drive rating label to ensure it is of the correct type and power requirements for the application.
- To prevent accidental damage always store the Optidrive in its original box until required. Storage should be clean and dry and within the temperature range -40°C to +60°C.

3.3. UL Compliant Installation

Note the following for UL-compliant installation:

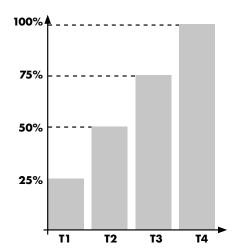
- For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333.
- The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 11.1. Environmental on page 66.
- For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment.
- For IP55 units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible.
- For IP66 outdoor units, installation in a pollution degree 4 environment is permissible.
- UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.

Refer to section 11.6. Additional Information for UL Compliance on page 70.

3.4. Installation Following a Period of Storage

Where the drive has been stored for some time prior to installation, or has remained without the main power supply present for an extended period of time, it is necessary to reform the DC capacitors within the drive according to the following table before operation. For drives which have not been connected to the main power supply for a period of more than 2 years, this requires a reduced mains voltage mains voltage to be applied for a time period, and gradually increased prior to operating the drive. The voltage levels relative to the drive rated voltage, and the time periods for which they must be applied are shown in the following table. Following completion of the procedure, the drive may be operated as normal.

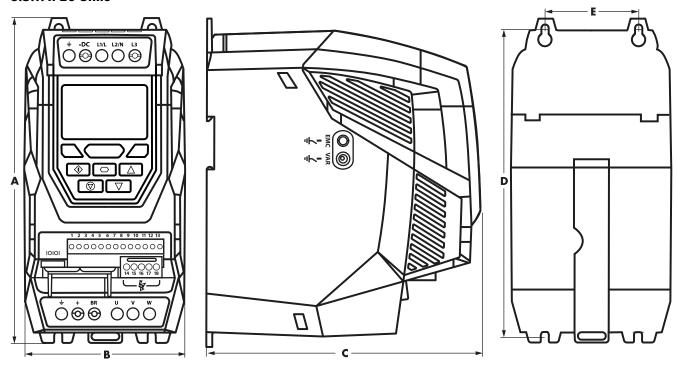
NOTE This is only valid for non low harmonic version - see section 2.1.4. Low Harmonic Variants on page 8.



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3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight

3.5.1. IP20 Units



Drive Size		4		В		C				=	We	ight
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	lb
2	221	8 <i>.7</i> 0	110	4.33	185	7.28	209	8.23	63	2.48	1.8	4.0
3	261	10.28	131	5.16	205	8.07	247	9.72	80	3.15	3.5	7.7
4	418	16.46	172	6.77	240	9.45	400	15.75	125	4.92	9.2	20.3
5	486	19.13	233	9.17	260	10.24	460	18.11	175	6.89	18.1	39.9
6A	614	24.17	286	11.25	320	12.59	578	22.75	200	7.87	32	<i>7</i> 0.5
6B	726	28.58	330	13	320	12.59	680	26.77	225	8.85	43	94.8
8	995	39.17	480	18.89	477	18.77	942	37.08	432	17	130	286.6

Mounting Bolts							
Frame Size	Frame Size Metric						
2	M4	#8					
3	M4	#8					
4	M8	5/16					
5	M8	5/16					
6A	M8	5/16					
6B	M 10	3/8					
8	M 12	7/16					

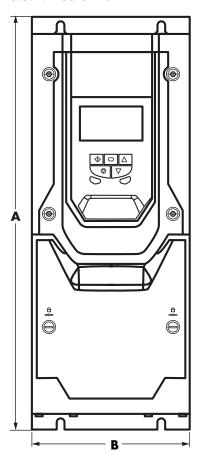
Tightening Torques									
	Frame Size	Required Torque							
Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in						
	2 & 3	1 Nm	9 lb-in						
	4	2 Nm	18 lb-in						
Power Terminals	5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in						
rower terminals	6A	12 Nm	9 lb-ft						
	6B	15 Nm	11 lb-ft						
	8	57 Nm	42 lb-ft						

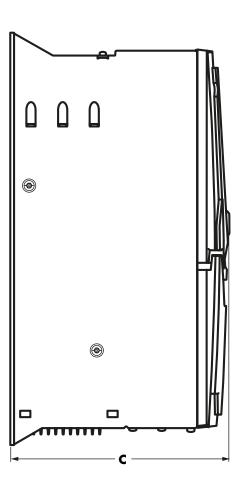
NOTE

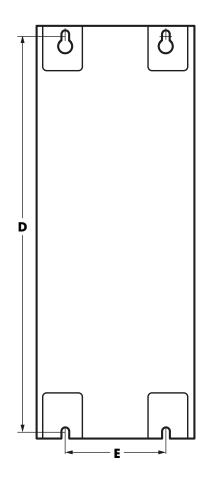
*The IP20 Frame Size 4 Chassis can obstruct the rotation (tightening) of a bolt or screw with a hex head, a fixing with a round head will be most suitable for the mounting of this unit.

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3.5.2. IP55 Units







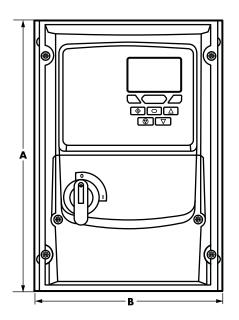
Duite Cine		A		3							We	ight
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
4	450	17.72	171	6.73	252	9.92	428	16.85	110	4.33	11.5	25.4
5	540	21.26	235	9.25	270	10.63	515	20.28	175	6.89	23	50.7
6	865	34.06	330	12.99	330	12.99	830	32.68	200	7.87	55	121.2
7	1280	50.39	330	12.99	360	14.17	1245	49.02	200	7.87	89	196.2

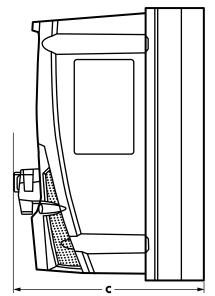
Mounting Bolts							
Frame Size	Frame Size Metric						
4	M8	5/16					
5	M8	5/16					
6	M10	3/8					
7	M10	3/8					

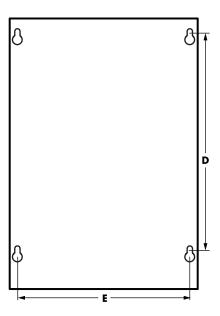
Tightening Torques				
	Frame Size Required Torque			
Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in	
Power Terminals	4	2 Nm	18 lb-in	
	5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in	
	6	15 Nm	11 lb-ft	
	7	15 Nm	11 lb-ft	

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3.5.3. IP66 Units







Drive Size		4	E		C		D				We	ight
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
2	257	10.12	188	7.40	239	9.41	200	7.87	178	7.01	4.8	10.6
3	310	12.20	211	8.29	266	10.47	252	9.90	200	7.87	7.7	16.8

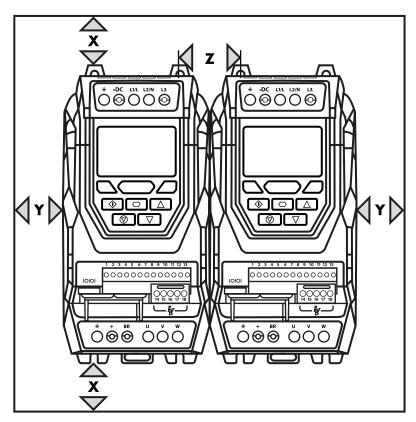
Mounting Bolts				
Frame Size	Metric	UNF		
2	M4	#8		
3	M4	#8		

Tightening Torques					
Frame Size Required Torque			d Torque		
Control Terminals	2 & 3	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in		
Power Terminals	2 & 3	1 Nm	9 lb-in		

3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure mounting (IP20 Units)

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the Optidrive against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.

The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Invertek Drives recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:



Drive Size		X & Below		Y r Side	_	Z veen	Recomn airf	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	m3/min	CFM
2	<i>7</i> 5	2.95	10	0.39	46	1.81	0.3	11
3	100	3.94	10	0.39	52	2.05	0.9	31
4	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	1.7	62
5	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	2.9	104
6A	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76		
6B	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76		
8	350	11.81	50	3.94	412	16.22	20	<i>7</i> 05

NOTE

Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

Typical drive heat losses are <3% of operating load conditions.

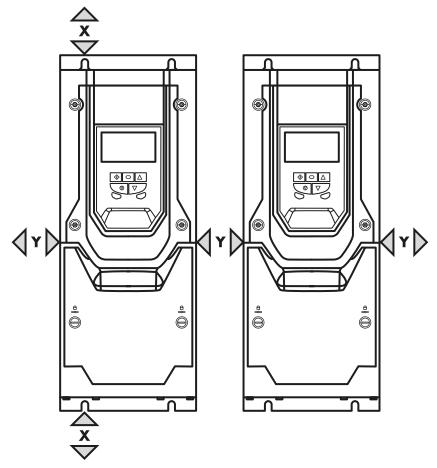
Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3.7. Mounting the Drive - IP20 Units

- IP20 Units are intended for installation within a control cabinet.
- When mounting with screws:
 - o Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations for drilling
 - o Ensure that when mounting locations are drilled, the dust from drilling does not enter the drive
 - o Mount the drive to the cabinet backplate using suitable mounting screws
 - o Position the drive, and tighten the mounting screws securely.
- When Din Rail Mounting (Frame Size 2 Only):
 - o Locate the DIN rail mounting slot on the rear of the drive onto the top of the DIN rail first
 - o Press the bottom of the drive onto the DIN rail until the lower clip attaches to the DIN rail
 - o If necessary, use a suitable flat blade screw driver to pull the DIN rail clip down to allow the drive to mount securely on the rail
 - o To remove the drive from the DIN rail, use a suitable flat blade screwdriver to pull the release tab downwards, and lift the bottom of the drive away from the rail first.

3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 11.1. Environmental on page 66.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- IP55 units do not require mounting inside an electrical control cabinet; however they may be if desired.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the IP protection of the drive are required. Gland sizes should be selected based on the number and size of the required connection cables. Drives are supplied with a plain, undrilled gland plate to allow the correct hole sizes to be cut as required. Remove the gland plate from the drive prior to drilling.



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Drive Size	X -Above & Below		Y -Either Side		
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	
4 (IP55)	200	7.9	10	0.394	
5 (IP55)	200	7.9	10	0.394	
6 (IP55)	200	7.9	10	0.394	
7 (IP55)	200	7.9	10	0.394	

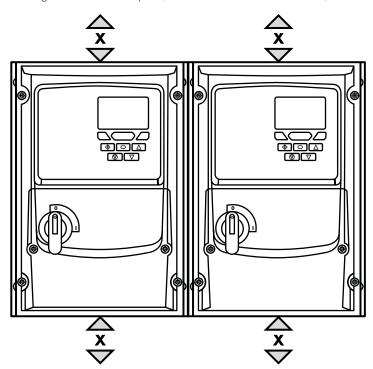
NOTE

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 2% of the operating load power.

The above dimensions are for guidance only, the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained within the specified limits or allowed derating at all times.

3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 11.1. Environmental.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown below, mark the locations required for drilling.



Drive Size	X Above & Below		
Size	mm	in	
2	200	7.87	
3	200	7.87	

The use of a suitable gland system is required to maintain the appropriate IP / Nema rating. Cable entry holes will need to be drilled to suit this system. Some guidelines sizes are defined below:

Please take care when drilling to avoid leaving any particles within the product.

Cable Gland recommended Hole Sizes & types:

Drive size	Min Gland Rating	Hole Size	Imperial	Metric
Size 2	IP66	1 x 20.5mm and 2 x 28.3mm	1 PG 13.5 and 2 PG21	1 x M20 and 2 x M25
Size 3	IP66	1 x 20.5mm and 2 x 28.3mm	1 PG 13.5 and 2 PG21	1 x M20 and 2 x M25

- UL rated ingress protection ("Type") is only met when cables are installed using a UL recognized bushing or fitting for a
 flexible-conduit system which meets the required level of protection ("Type").
- For conduit installations the conduit entry holes require standard opening to the required sizes specified per the NEC.
- Not intended for rigid conduit system.

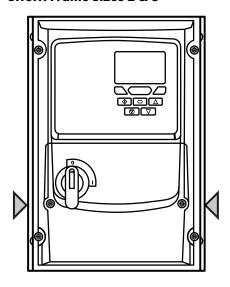
NOTE

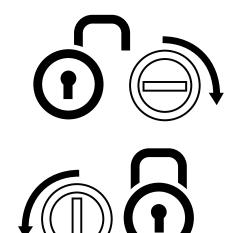
Typical drive heat losses are 2% of operating load power.

The above dimensions are for guidance only, the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained within the specified limits or allowed derating at all times.

3.10. Removing the Terminal Cover

3.10.1. Frame Sizes 2 & 3

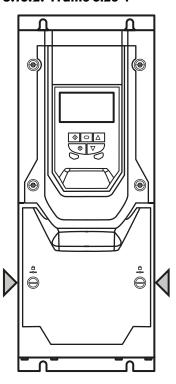




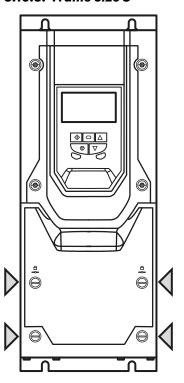
Terminal Cover Release Screws

Using a suitable flat blade screwdriver, rotate retaining screws indicated by arrows until the screw slot is vertical.

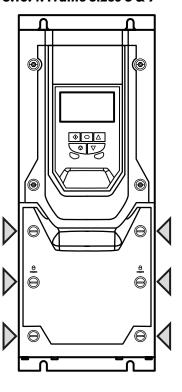
3.10.2. Frame Size 4



3.10.3. Frame Size 5



3.10.4. Frame Sizes 6 & 7



3.11. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

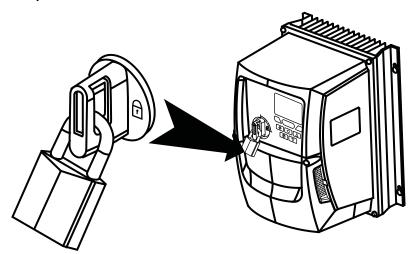
- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in the section 11.1. Environmental on page 66, with any relevant derating applied.
- Heat sink fans (where fitted) freely rotating and are dust free.
- If the drive is mounted within an enclosure:
 - o Ensure this is free from dust and condensation.
 - o Ensure sufficient ventilation of fresh clean cooling air is provided.
 - o Ensure any panel ventilation fans and air filters are clean and provide the correct required air flow.
- Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

3.12. IP66 (NEMA 4X) Lock Off

Mains switch-disconnector Lock Off

On the switched models the mains switch-disconnector can be locked in the 'Off' position using a 20mm standard shackle padlock (not supplied).

IP66 / NEMA 4X Unit Lock Off



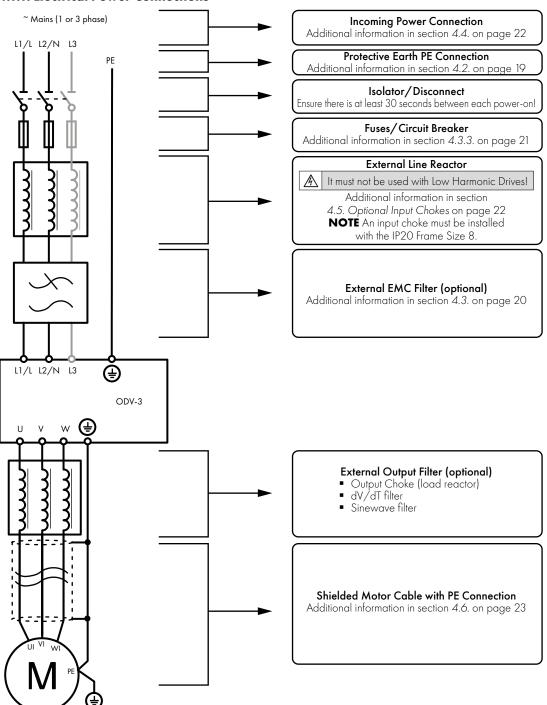
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4. Electrical Installation

4.1. Connection Diagram

All power terminal locations are marked directly on the product. IP20 Frame Size 2 – 4 units have AC power input located at the top with the motor connections located at the bottom. All other units have power terminals located at the bottom.

4.1.1. Electrical Power Connections



NOTE Enclosed drives are not suitable for rigid conduit system connection.



This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.



This Optidrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.



Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

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4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

4.2.1. Grounding Guidelines

Adequate safety earthing must be provided in accordance with local wiring rules and codes of practice. The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be connected back to the common safety earth bar to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the EMC filter if installed). Optidrive ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground impedance must conform to local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

4.2.2. Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductors.

4.2.3. Motor Ground

The driven motor must be locally connected to a suitable ground location to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. In addition, the motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

4.2.4. Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The Optidrive is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

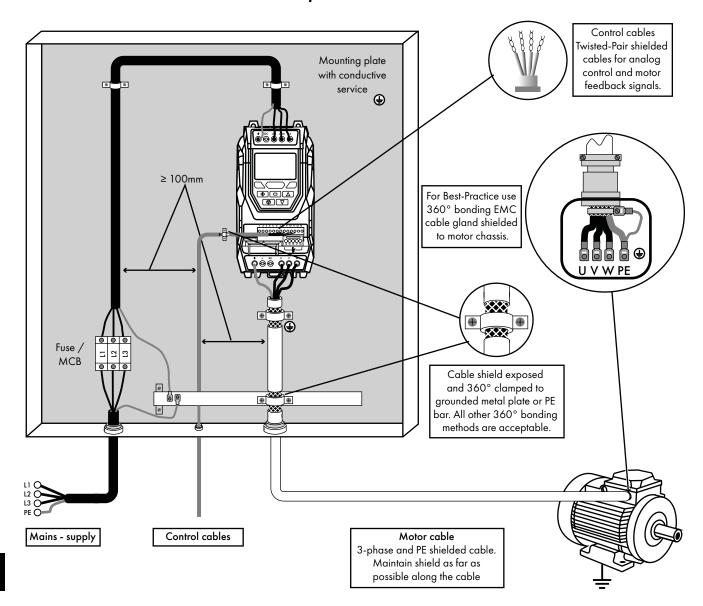
- A Type B Device must be used.
- Individual device should be used for each Optidrive.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- The device should be not sensitive to high frequency leakage current.

4.2.5. Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal, refer to section 4.3. EMC Compliant Installation on page 20.

4.3. EMC Compliant Installation

4.3.1. Recommended Installation for EMC Compliance



4.3.2. Recommended Cable Types by EMC Category

Number of	Rated Supply	Frame Size IP rating	IP rating	Maximum M	Motor Cable Length to Achieve		
Input Phases	Voltage	Frame Size	ir rating	C1 _{1, 2, 5, 6, 8}	C2 3, 5, 6, 8	C3 _{4, 7, 8}	
1	230	2	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
		2, 3	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
3	230	4, 5	IP20, IP55	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
3	230	6A, 6B	IP20	-	100	100	
		6,7	IP55	-	-	25 (100)	
		2, 3	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
		4, 5	IP20, IP55	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
3 400	400	6A, 6B	IP20	-	100	100	
		6,7	IP55	-	-	25 (100)	
		8	IP20	_	_	25	

NOTE

- Data in brackets shows permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter.
- The 500 600V drives are not equipped with the internal EMC filter and are intended for use on second environment only.

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General

¹ Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved.

Supply Cable

- ² A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable in this case, ensure that metal tube is adequately grounded.
- ³ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- ⁴ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.

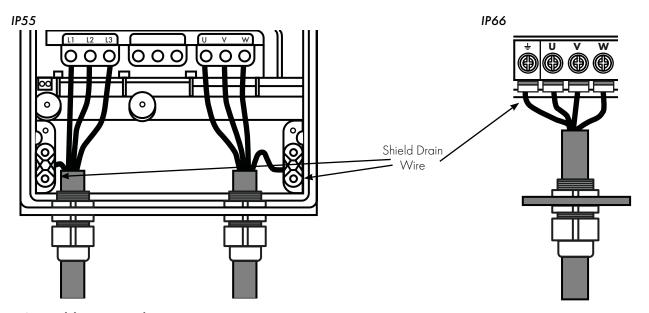
Motor Cable

- A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable in this case, ensure that metal tube is adequately grounded.
- The cable shield should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. The shield must also be terminated at the drive end, as close as practically possible to the drive output terminals. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel backplate using a suitable EMC clamp or gland fitted as close to the drive as possible. The drive earth terminal must also be connected directly to this point, using a suitable cable which provides low impedance to high frequency currents. For IP55 and IP66 drives, connect the motor cable shield to the gland plate or internal ground clamp.
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.

Control Cable

⁸ A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.

4.3.3. Enclosed Drives Recommended Cable Connections



4.3.4. Wiring Precautions

Connect the Optidrive according to section 4.9. Control Terminal Wiring, ensuring that motor terminal box connections are correct. There are two connections in general: Star and Delta. It is essential to ensure that the motor is connected in accordance with the voltage at which it will be operated. For more information, refer to section 4.6. Drive and Motor Connection.

It is recommended that the power cabling should be 4-core PVC-insulated screened cable, laid in accordance with local industrial regulations and codes of practice.

4.4. Incoming Power Connection

- Power should be connected to the L1 and L2 terminals for single phase drives, L1, L2 and L3 for three phase drives. Phase sequence is not important.
- For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, a symmetrical shielded cable is recommended.
- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1.
- For units without an internal isolator / disconnect, a suitable disconnecting device installed between the Optidrive and the AC Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations.
- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 11.5. Output Power and Current ratings. The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J, T or CC fuses are suitable (exception: Eaton Bussmann FWP series must be used for size 6A & 6B IP20 models); however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- When the power supply is removed from the drive, a minimum of 30 seconds should be allowed before re-applying the power. A minimum of 10 minutes should be allowed before removing the terminal covers or connection.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the Optidrive Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.

NOTE For IP20 Frame Size 8 it is important that the input supply phase orientation is correct, i.e. L1>L1, L2>L2, L3>L3, failure to do so will result in a "Ph-5E9"trip.

4.5. Input Chokes

- The majority of the Optidrive Eco product range is based on a low harmonic solution using film capacitor technology to achieve compliance with EN 61000-3-12 without the need for any additional equipment. This standard specifies limits for harmonic currents for equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current > 16A and <= 75A per phase. It is important to understand which models from the product range are of the low harmonic technology which is detailed below.
- The Optidrive Eco three phase 200V (200-240V) input and three phase 400V (380-480V) input drives frame sizes 2 up to and including frame size 5 are a lower harmonic drive using film capacitor technology.
- In short, this means that the low harmonic drives do not require an input choke and should not have one installed drives outside of the above frame sizes and supply voltage / number of phases, could benefit from the use of input chokes if further harmonic reduction is required.
- The low harmonic drives must NOT be used with input chokes. Please see section 2.1.4. Low Harmonic Variants on page 8 for a description of which drives fall into the low harmonic category. Input chokes may be required on the standard (non low harmonic) drives to reduce the harmonics generated or if the incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.

NOTE For IP20 Frame Size 8 the input current level will vary according to supply impedance. At minimum a 1% line choke must be installed. Installing a 4% line choke further helps towards minimising harmonic current distortion and total current levels. 1% and 4% line chokes are available.

Drive Supply	Drive Rating	IP20 AC Input Inductor	IP66 AC Input Inductor	
2201/ 1 Db b	0.75kW	OPT-2-L1016-20	OPT-2-L1016-66	
230V 1 Phase Input	1.5 – 2.2kW	OPT-2-L1025-20	OPT-2-L1025-66	
	55 - 90kW	OPT-2-L3200-00		
4001/201	110 - 160kW	OPT-2-L3300-00	N1/A	
400V 3 Phase Input	200 - 250kW	OPT-L3500-00 (4%)	N/A	
	200 - 230kVV	OPT-2L31500-00 (1%)		
	0.75 – 2.2kW		OPT-2-L3006-66	
600V 3 Phase	4.0 – 5.5kW	N/A	OPT-2-L3010-66	
	7.5 – 11 kW		OPT-2-L3018-66	

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4.6. Drive and Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply, for motors which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive then there is no preventative measures required, however if the quality of insulation is unknown then the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the Optidrive U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is used, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- The motor earth must be connected to one of the Optidrive earth terminals.
- For compliance with the European EMC directive, a suitable screened (shielded) cable should be used. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals are recommended as a minimum. Installation within a suitable steel or copper tube is generally also acceptable.
- The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area.
- Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible.
- Automatic switchgear should not be installed between the drive output and the motor, opening and closing contacts in this circuit whilst the drive is energised will inevitably reduce the lifetime of the drive and could cause product failure. If an isolator is required to be placed between the drive and the motor in order to comply with local regulations, the device must not be operated when the drive is running.

4.7. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on two supply voltage. This will be indicated on the nameplate of the motor. The operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages		Connection
230	230 / 400		
400 / 460	400 / 690	Delta	
575	575 / 1000		U V W
400	230 / 400	_	
575	330 / 575	- Star	

4.8. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

4.8.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

Optidrive Eco has internal motor overload protection (current limit) set at 110% of the motor rated current (P1-08). This level may be adjusted in P4-07. The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering > 100% of the value set in P1-08 (motor rated current) for a sustained period of time. The overload accumulator will permit a sustained overload for different durations before tripping as shown in the tables below:

Constant Torque (P4-01 > 0)

Variable Torque (P4-01 = 0)

	HD	SD
110%	<i>7</i> 5 s	<i>7</i> 5 s
150%	15 s	15 s
175%	10 s	_
200%	7.5 s	-

110%	<i>7</i> 5 s
150%	1 s
175%	-
200%	-

Where:

HD = Heavy Duty drive selection – this is where the rated current of the motor connected to the drive is less than 75% of the drive current rating

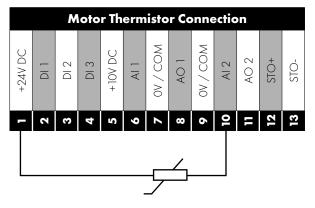
SD = Standard Duty drive selection – this is where the current rating of the motor connected to the drive is closely matched to the drive current rating

When operating in Variable Torque (P4-01 = 0), the oversizing of the drive makes no difference to the available duration of the overload condition.

NOTE The 45kW 400V Eco model (ODV-3-540900-3...) overload capability follows that shown in the variable torque table irrespective of the setting in P4-01.

4.8.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:



Additional Information

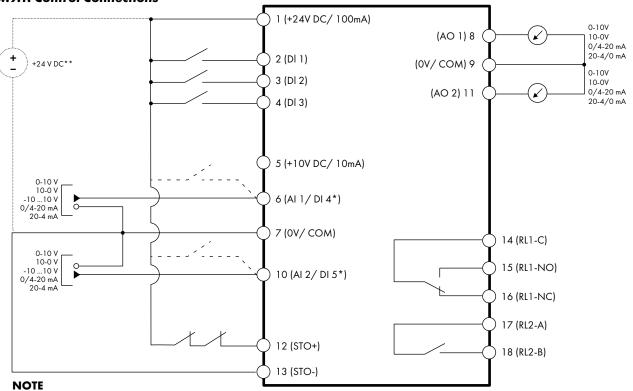
- Compatible Thermistor: PTC Type, $2.5k\Omega$ trip level.
- Use a setting of P1-13 that has DI5/Al2 function as E-TRIP "External Trip", e.g. P1-13 = 6. Refer to section 8.1. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13 on page 39 for further details.
- Enable the Motor PTC Thermistor Input function in parameter P2-33.

4.9. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm2 / 30 12 AWG.

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4.9.1. Control Connections



** Optional external 24 V DC power supply

Kov		Default Function		S	Dana	
		Кеу	Open	Closed	Sec.	Page
1	+24V DC	24 Volt DC Input / Output	On-board +24V D or External 2		4.10.1	26
2	DI 1	Digital Input 1 (Run Enable)	STOP	run	4.10.2	26
3	DI 2	Digital Input 2	Analog Input Reference	Preset Speed 1	4.10.2	26
4	DI 3	Digital Input 3	Analog Input 1 Reference	Analog Input 2 Reference	4.10.2	26
5	+10V DC	+10Volt DC Output	On-board + 10V D	C Supply (10 mA)		
6	Al 1 / Dl 4	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Speed Refere	nce 1 (0-10V)	4.10.3	26
7	OV / COM	0 Volt Common	OV Common for	AI/AO/DI/DO		
8	AO 1	Analog Output 1	Motor Speed (0-10V)		4.10.4	26
9	OV / COM O Volt Common		OV Common for	AI/AO/DI/DO		
10	Al 2 / Dl 5	Analog Input 2 / Digital Input 5	Speed Reference 2 (0-10V)		4.10.3	26
11	AO2	Analog Output 2	Motor Curr	ent (0-10V)	4.10.4	26
12	STO+	STO + 24V DC Connection	 InHibit	Run Permit	4.14	
13	STO-	STO 0 Volt Connection	IIII IIOII	Kun remiii	4.14	
14	RL1-COM	Auxiliary Relay Output 1 Common			4.10.5	27
15	RL1-NO	Auxiliary Relay Output 1 Normally Open	Drive Healthy	Drive Faulty	4.10.5	27
16	RL1-NC	Auxiliary Relay Output 2 Normally Closed	Drive Faulty	Drive Healthy	4.10.5	27
17	RL2-A	Auxiliary Relay Output 2	Drive Stopped	Drive Running	4.10.5	27
18	RL2-B	Auxiliary Relay Output 2	Drive Slopped	Drive kulliling	4.10.5	27

NOTE

Digital Inputs: Logic High = 8-30V DC (30 V DC max) **Analog Outputs:** 0 – 10 Volt / 4-20mA (20mA max)

SAFE TORQUE OFF input: Logic High = 18-30 Vdc (Also refer to section 4.11. Safe Torque Off on page 27)

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4.10. Control Terminal Connections

4.10.1. +24VDC Input / Output

When the mains power is applied to the drive, terminal 1 provides a +24VDC output, maximum load 100mA. This may be used to activate digital inputs or provide power to sensors.

When no mains power is applied to the drive, the drive control electronics may be powered from an external +24VDC source. When powered in this way, all analog and digital I/O and communication functions remain operative, however the motor may not be operated, which allows safe testing and commissioning of the installation without risk of high voltage being present. When powered in this way, the drive requires up to 100mA.

4.10.2. Digital Inputs

Up to five digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13, which are explained in section 8. Control Terminal Functions on page 39.

4.10.3. Analog Inputs

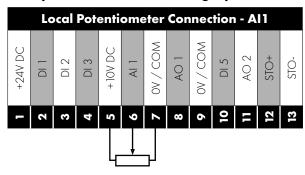
Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters

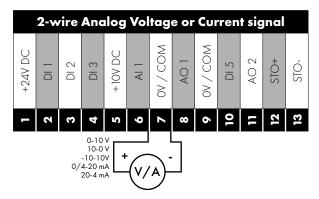
- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P2-30.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P2-33.

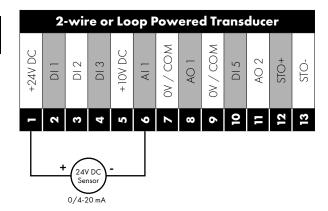
These parameters are described more fully in section 8.1. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13 on page 39.

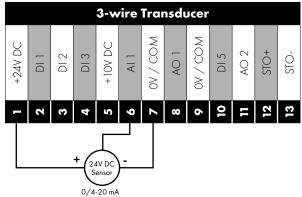
The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13. The function of these parameters and available options are described in section 8. Control Terminal Functions on page 39.

Example Connections for Analog Input









4.10.4. Analog Outputs

Two analog outputs are available, and may be used for 0 – 10 Volt Signal (max load 20mA), 0 – 20mA, 4 – 20mA or a digital +24Volt DC, 20mA output. The parameters to select function and format are as follows.

Analog Output	Function selected by	Format selected by
Analog Output 1	P2-11	P2-12
Analog Output 2	P2-13	P2-14

These parameters are described more fully in section 8.1. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13 on page 39.

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4.10.5. Auxiliary Relay Outputs

Two relay outputs are available, which are intended to be used to switch external resistive loads up to 5A at 230 VAC or 30VDC. Relay 1 has both normally open and normally closed contacts available. Relay 2 provides a simple open or closed contact. The relay output function may be configured using parameters P2-15 and P2-18, which are described in section 8.1. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13 on page 39.

4.11. Safe Torque Off

Safe Torque OFF will be referred to as "STO" through the remainder of this section.

4.11.1. Responsibilities

The overall system designer is responsible for defining the requirements of the overall "Safety Control System" within which the drive will be incorporated; furthermore the system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is risk assessed and that the "Safety Control System" requirements have been entirely met and that the function is fully verified, this must include confirmation testing of the "STO" function before drive commissioning.

The system designer shall determine the possible risks and hazards within the system by carrying out a thorough risk and hazard analysis, the outcome of the analysis should provide an estimate of the possible hazards, furthermore determine the risk levels and identify any needs for risk reduction. The "STO" function should be evaluated to ensure it can sufficiently meet the risk level required.

4.11.2. What STO Provides

The purpose of the "STO" function is to provide a method of preventing the drive from creating torque in the motor in the absence of the "STO" input signals (Terminal 12 with respect to Terminal 13), this allows the drive to be incorporated into a complete safety control system where "STO" requirements need to be fulfilled.1

The "STO" function can typically eliminate the need for electro-mechanical contactors with cross-checking auxiliary contacts as per normally required to provide safety functions.²

The drive has the "STO" Function built-in as standard and complies with the definition of "Safe torque off" as defined by IEC 61800-5-2:2007.

The "STO" Function also corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with category 0 (Emergency Off), of IEC 60204-1. This means that the motor will coast to a stop when the "STO" function is activated, this method of stopping should be confirmed as being acceptable to the system the motor is driving.

The "STO" function is recognised as a failsafe method even in the case where the "STO" signal is absent and a single fault within the drive has occurred, the drive has been proven in respect of this by meeting the following safety standards:

	SIL (Safety Integrity Level)	PFHD (Probability of dangerous Failures per Hour)	SFF (Safe failure fraction %)	Lifetime assumed
EN 61800-5-2	2	1.23E-09 1/h (0.12 % of SIL 2)	50	20 Yrs

	PL (Performance Level)	CCF (%) (Common Cause Failure)	MTTFd	Category
EN ISO 13849-1	PL d	1	4525a	3

	SILCL
EN 62061	SILCL 2

NOTE The values achieved above maybe jeopardised if the drive is installed outside of the Environmental limits detailed in section 11.1. Environmental.

Disconnect and ISOLATE the drive before attempting any work on it. The "STO" function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drive power terminals.

¹ **NOTE** The "STO" function does not prevent the drive from an unexpected re-start. As soon as the "STO" inputs receive the relevant signal it is possible (subject to parameter settings) to restart automatically, Based on this, the function should not be used for carrying out short-term non-electrical machinery operations (such as cleaning or maintenance work).



² **NOTE** In some applications additional measures may be required to fulfil the systems safety function needs: the "STO" function does not provide motor braking. In the case where motor braking is required a time delay safety relay and/or a mechanical brake arrangement or similar method should be adopted, consideration should be made over the required safety function when braking as the drive braking circuit alone cannot be relied upon as a fail safe method.

When using permanent magnet motors and in the unlikely event of a multiple output power devices failing then the motor could effectively rotate the motor shaft by 180/p degrees (Where p denotes number of motor pole pairs).

4.11.3. "STO" Operation

When the "STO" inputs are energised, the "STO" function is in a standby state, if the drive is then given a "Start signal/command" (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) then the drive will start and operate normally.

When the "STO" inputs are de-energised then the STO Function is activated and stops the drive (Motor will coast), the drive is now in "Safe Torque Off" mode.

4.11.4. "STO" Status and Monitoring

There are a number of methods for monitoring the status of the "STO" input, these are detailed below:

Drive Display

In Normal drive operation (Mains AC power applied), when the drives "STO" input is de-energised ("STO" Function activated) the drive will highlight this by displaying "InHibit", (NOTE If the drive is in a tripped condition then the relevant trip will be displayed and not "InHibit").

Drive Output Relay

- Drive relay 1: Setting P2-15 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.
- Drive relay 2: Setting P2-18 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.

"STO" Fault Codes

Fault Code	Code Number	Description	Corrective Action
"5Ło-F"	29	A fault has been detected within either of the internal channels of the "STO" circuit.	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner

4.11.5. "STO" Function response time

The total response time is the time from a safety related event occurring to the components (sum of) within the system responding and becoming safe. (Stop Category 0 in accordance with IEC 60204-1).

- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the output of the drive being in a state that will not produce torque in the motor ("STO" active) is less than 1 ms.
- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the "STO" monitoring status changing state is less than 20ms.
- The response time from the drive sensing a fault in the STO circuit to the drive displaying the fault on the display/Digital output showing drive not healthy is less than 20ms.

4.11.6. "STO" Electrical Installation

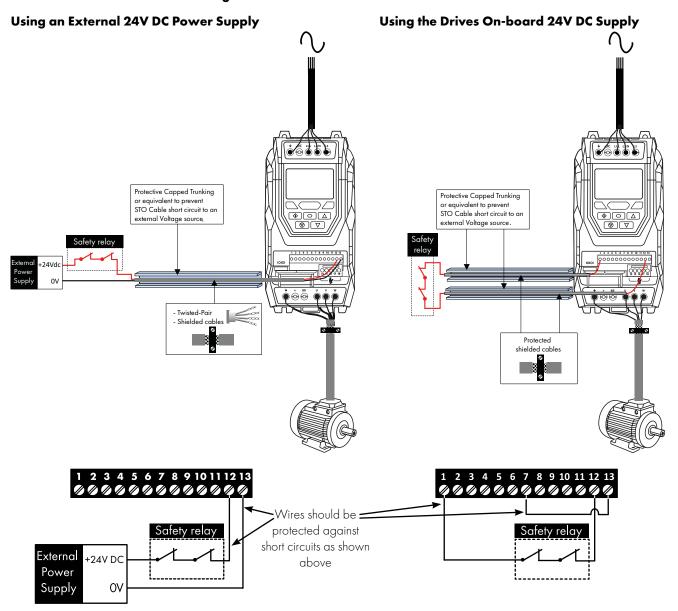


The "STO" wiring shall be protected from inadvertent short circuits or tampering which could lead to failure of the "STO" input signal, further guidance is given in the diagrams below.

In addition to the wiring guidelines for the "STO" circuit below, section 4.3. EMC Compliant Installation should also be followed. The drive should be wired as illustrated below; the 24Vdc signal source applied to the "STO" input can be either from the 24Vdc on the drive or from an External 24Vdc power supply.

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4.11.7. Recommended "STO" Wiring



NOTE The Maximum cable length from Voltage source to the drive terminals should not exceed 25 metres.

4.11.8. External Power Supply Specification

Voltage Rating (Nominal)	24V DC
STO Logic High	18-30V DC (Safe torque off in standby)
Current Consumption (Maximum)	100mA

4.11.9. External Power Supply Specification

The safety relay should be chosen so that at minimum it meets the safety standards in which the drive meets.

Standard Requirements	SIL2 or PLd SC3 or better (with forcibly guided contacts)
Number of Output Contacts	2 independent
Switching Voltage Rating	30V DC
Switching Current	100mA

4.11.10. Enabling the "STO" Function

The "STO" function is always enabled in the drive regardless of operating mode or parameter changes made by the user. In order to ensure that the drive does not immediately re-start when the STO is energised, the 'start mode' (P2-36) should be set to 'Edge-r' as opposed to the default value of 'Auto-O'. This means that when the drive is ready to run (STO active and drive healthy), it will only start when it sees a rising edge on the run command.

4.11.11. Testing the "STO" Function

Before commissioning the system the "STO" function should always be tested for correct operation, this should include the following

- With the motor at standstill, and a stop command given to the drive (as per the start source method selected in P1-13):
 - o De-energise the "STO" inputs (Drive will display "InHibit").
 - o Give a start command (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) and check that the drive still displays "Inhibit" and that the operation is in line with the section 4.11.3. "STO" Operation and 4.11.4. "STO" Status and Monitoring on page 28.
- With the motor running normally (from the drive):
 - o De-energise the "STO" inputs.
 - o Check that the drive displays "InHibit" and that the motor stops and that the operation is in line with the section 4.11.3. "STO" Operation and 4.11.4. "STO" Status and Monitoring "STO" Function Maintenance.

The "STO" function should be included within the control systems scheduled maintenance program so that the function is regularly tested for integrity (Minimum once per year), furthermore the function should be integrity tested following any safety system modifications or maintenance work.

If drive fault messages are observed refer to section 12.1. Fault Messages for further guidance.

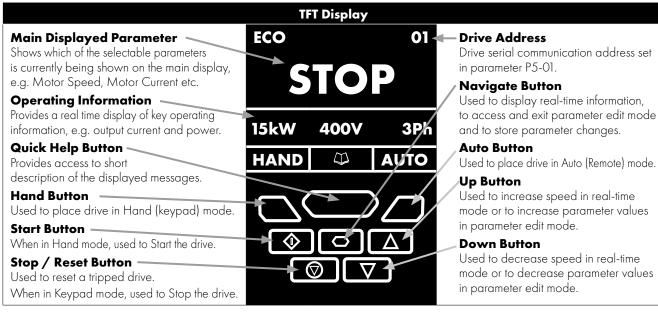
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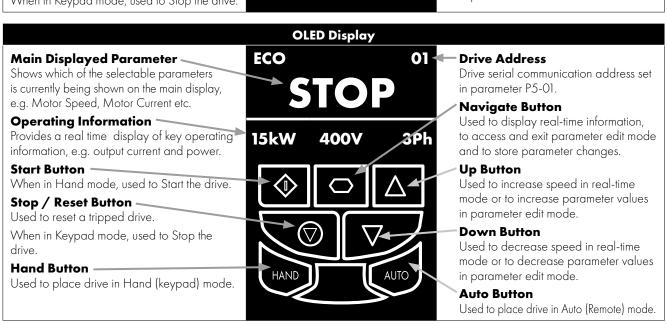
5. Keypad and Display Operation

The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

5.1. OLED Keypad and Display Layout

Control Keypad provides access to the drive parameters, and also allows control of the drive when Keypad Mode is selected in P1-12.





5.2. Selecting the Language on the TFT & OLED Display

ECO	01	Select Language	Select Language	
STOP	STOP		Español Deutsch	
15kW 400V 3	3Ph	Deutsch English	English	
Hold down the Sta and Up keys for >1		Use the Up and Down arrows to select a language.	Press the Navigate button to select.	

5.2.1. Operating Displays

Drive Stopped	Drive Running Output Frequency Display	Drive Running Output Current Display	Drive Running Motor Power Display	Drive Running Motor Speed Display
ay:				
ECO 01	Output Frequency 01	Motor Current 01	Motor Power 01	Motor Speed 01
STOP	23.7Hz	15.3A	6.9kW	7 18rpm
15kW 400V 3Ph	15.3A 6.9kW	6.9kW 23.7Hz	23.7Hz 15.3A	23.7Hz 15.3A
$\Diamond \circ \triangle$				\bigcirc \bigcirc
Drive Stopped /	Drive is enabled	Press the Navigate	Press the Navigate	If P1-10 > 0, pressing the Navigate key for <
Disablea.	shows the output	The display will show	/	1 second will display
	trequency (Hz). Press the Navigate key	the motor current	the motor power	the motor speed (Rpm).
	to select alternative	(/ tinps).	[[[]]] .	
	ay: ECO 01 STOP 15kW 400V 3Ph	Output Frequency Display ay: ECO 01 Output Frequency 01 STOP 23.7Hz 15kW 400V 3Ph 15.3A 6.9kW Drive Stopped / Disabled. Drive Stopped / running, display shows the output frequency (Hz). Press the Navigate key	Output Frequency Display ay: ECO 01 Output Frequency 01 Motor Current 01 STOP 23.7Hz 15.3A 15kW 400V 3Ph 15.3A 6.9kW 6.9kW 23.7Hz Drive Stopped / Disabled. Drive is enabled / running, display shows the output frequency (Hz). Press the Navigate key to select alternative Output Frequency Output Current Display Motor Current 01 15.3A Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor current (Amps).	Output Frequency Display ay: ECO O1 Output Frequency 01 Motor Current O1 6.9kW 15kW 400V 3Ph 15.3A 6.9kW 23.7Hz 23.7Hz 15.3A Drive Stopped / Disabled. Drive is enabled key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor current (Amps). The display will show the motor power (kW).

5.3. Additional Display Messages

Auto Tuning in Progress	External 24VDC Supply	Overload	Fire Mode
TFT and OLED Display:			
	ECO 01	ECO 01	Fire Mode
Auto-tuning	Ext 24V	ol 23.7Hz	
	External 24V mode	15.3A 6.9kW	
$\bigcirc \bigcirc \triangle$			
Auto tune in progress. See parameter P4-02 information in section 9.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control on page 46.	The drive control board is powered only from an external 24 Volt source, with no mains power applied.	Indicates an Overload condition. Output current exceeds the motor rated current entered in Parameter P1-08. LED display shows six flashing dots.	OLED display shows 'Fire Mode' flashing. LED shows no indication in display, but the fascia badge flashes.

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Switching Frequency Reduction		Mains Loss		Maintenance Time Elapsed	
TFT and	OLED Display:				
ECO	01	ECO	01	ECO	01
SF↓	23.7Hz	ML	23.7Hz	Ĭ	23.7Hz
15.3A		15.3A	6.9kW	15.3A	6.9kW
₩					
	requency is lue to high heatsink e.		ng mains oly has been ed or is missing.	The user promaintenance has elapsed	ogrammable ce reminder time d.

5.4. Changing Parameters

TFT and OLED Display :						
	ECO 0	I ECO 01	ECO 01	ECO 01	ECO 01	
Stop	P1-01	P1-08	30.0A ‡	P1-08	Stop	
15kW 400V 3Ph	50.0Hz	30.0A	P1-08 ↑30.0 ↓3.0	30.0A	15kW 400V 3Ph	
Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds.	Use the Up and Dow keys to select the required parameter. Drives with OLED display will show the present parameter value on the lower line of the display.	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second.	Adjust the value using the Up and Down keys. Drives with OLED display will show the maximum and minimum possible settings on the lower line of the display.	Press for < 1 second to return to the parameter menu.	Press for > 2 seconds to return to the operating display.	

5.5. Parameter Factory Reset / User Reset

Optidrive ECO provides a feature to allow the user to define their own default parameter set. After commissioning all required parameters, the user can save these as the default parameters by setting P6-29 = 1. If required, the User Default Parameters may be cleared by setting P6-29 = 2.

If the user wishes to reload the User Default Parameters from the drive memory, the following procedure is used.

Factory Parameter Reset, TFT and OLED Display:			User Parameter Reset, TFT and OLED Display:			
ECO	01	ECO 01	ECO 01	ECO 01	ECO 01	ECO 01
	Stop	P-Def	Stop	Stop	U-Def	Stop
15kW	400V 3Ph	50.0Hz	15kW 400V 3Ph	P1-08 ↑30.0 ↓3.0	30.0A	15kW 400V 3Ph
		$\Diamond \circ \triangle$	$\Diamond \circ \triangle$	\bigcirc	$\Diamond \circ \triangle$	$\Diamond \circ \triangle$
4						
	nd hold the Up, Start and Stop >2s.	The display shows P-def. Briefly press the Stop key.	The display returns to Stop. All parameters are reset to Factory defaults.	Press and hold the Up, Down and Stop keys for >2s.	The display shows U-def. Briefly press the Stop key.	The display returns to Stop. All parameters are reset to Factory defaults.

5.6. Resetting the Drive Following a Trip

Optidrive ECO has many protection features, designed to protect both the drive and motor from accidental damage. When any of these protection features are activated, the drive will trip, and display a fault message. The fault messages are listed in section 12.1. Fault Messages on page 73.

When a trip occurs, after the cause of the trip has been investigated and rectified, the user can reset the trip in one of the following ways:

- Press the keypad Stop key.
- Power off the drive completely, then power on again.
- If P1-13 > 0, switch off digital input 1, then back on again.
- If P1-12 = 4, reset via the fieldbus interface.
- If P1-12=6, reset via BACnet.

5.7. Selecting Between Hand and Auto Control

A Stop	н Stop \$
37kW 400V 3Ph	37kW 400V 3Ph
A = Auto	H = Hand
The active control source is shown on the OLED display. Use the Hand and Auto buttons on the keypad to switch between control sources.	Hand mode permits drive control directly from the drive keypad. Auto mode control source is configured with Parameter P1-12 (Control Mode)

NOTE The use of the Hand and Auto buttons can be disabled by adjusting the setting of P2-39 Parameter Access Lock.

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5.8. Keypad Shortcuts

The following shortcuts can be used to speed up selecting and changing parameters when using the keypad.

5.8.1. Selecting the Parameter Groups

When extended or advanced parameter access is enabled (see section 9. Extended Parameters on page 40), additional parameter groups are visible, and may be selected quickly by the following method.

TFT and OLED Display:	
Maximum frequency/Speed limit	Preset frequency/Speed 1
P1-01	P2-01
50.0Hz	5.0Hz
Whilst in the parameter selection menu, press the Navigate and Up or Navigate and Down keys simultaneously.	The next highest or lowest accessible parameter group will be selected.

5.8.2. Selecting the Lowest Parameter in a Group

TFT and OLED Display:	
Motor rated current	Maximum frequency/Speed limit
P1-08	P1-01
9.5A	50.0Hz
Whilst in the parameter selection menu, press the Up and Down keys simultaneously.	The next lowest accessible parameter in the selected parameter group will be selected.

5.8.3. Setting a Parameter to the Minimum Value

TFT and OLED Display:	
Maximum frequency/Speed limit	Maximum frequency/Speed limit
1500 rpm	0 rpm
P1-01 ↑7500 rpm ↓0 rpm	P1-01 ↑7500 rpm ↓0 rpm
	$\Diamond \circ \triangle$
(" <u>'</u>	
Whilst editing a parameter value, press the Up and Down keys simultaneously.	The parameter will be set to the lowest possible value.

5.8.4. Adjusting Individual Digits

When editing parameter values and making large changes, e.g. setting the motor rated speed from 0 to 1500 Rpm, it is possible to directly select the parameter digits using the following method.

TFT and OLED Display:					
Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access
0	_0	_0	100	100	100
P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0	P1-14 130 000 10	P1-14 130 000 10	P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0	P1-14 130 000 10	P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0
	\Diamond \frown			\Diamond \frown	\Diamond \frown
	TT 197			<u> </u>	<u></u>
(m)	(m)	4,00	4,00)	(m)	
Whilst editing a	The cursor will step	The individual digit	Adjust the value using	When the cursor reaches	Press the Navigate
parameter value, press the Stop and Navigate	one digit to the left. Repeating the key	value may be adjusted using the up	the Up and Down	the highest accessible digit, pressing Stop and	key to return to the parameter selection
keys simultaneously.	press will move	and down keys.	keys.	Navigate will return the	menu.
,	another digit to the			cursor to the right most	
	left.			digit.	

6. Commissioning

6.1. General

The following guidelines apply to all applications:

6.1.1. Entering the Motor Nameplate Information

Optidrive Eco uses the information from the motor nameplate to:

- Operate the mot or with the best possible efficiency level.
- Protect the motor against possible damage due to operation in overload condition.

In order to achieve this, the Optidrive requires that the following information from the motor nameplate is entered into the parameters:

P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage. This is the operating voltage for the motor in its present wiring configuration (Star or Delta). The maximum output voltage from the Optidrive can never exceed the incoming supply voltage.

P1-08 Motor Rated Current. This is the full load current of the motor from the nameplate.

P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency. This is the standard operating frequency of the motor, generally 50 or 60Hz.

P1-10 Motor Rated Speed. This parameter can optionally be set to the Rpm shown on the motor nameplate. When this parameter is entered, all speed related parameters in the drive are displayed in Rpm. When the parameter is set to zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz.

6.1.2. Minimum and Maximum Frequencies / Speeds

Optidrive Eco units are factory set to operate the motor from zero up to base speed (50 or 60Hz output). In general, this operating range is suitable for a wide range of requirements, however in some cases it may be desired to adjust these limits, e.g. where the maximum speed of a fan or pump may provide excessive flow, or where operation below a certain speed is never required. In this case, the following parameters can be adjusted to suit the application:

P1-01 Maximum Frequency. In general this should match the motor rated frequency. If operation above this frequency is desired, confirmation from the motor manufacturer, and the manufacturer of any connected fan or pump should be sought that this is permissible, and will not cause damage to the equipment.

P1-02 Minimum Frequency. A suitable minimum can be set to prevent the motor operating at low speed, which may cause the motor to overheat. In some applications, such as a pump circulating water through a boiler, it may be necessary to set a speed to ensure the boiler does not run dry during operation.

6.1.3. Acceleration and Deceleration Ramp Times

Optidrive Eco units are factory set with acceleration and deceleration ramp rates set to 30 seconds. The default value is suitable for the majority of applications but can be altered by changing the values in parameters P1-03 and P1-04. Care must be taken to ensure the driven load is capable of performing the specified ramps and that nuisance trips due to excessively short ramp times are not

The ramp times entered in the parameter set always specify the time taken to ramp between OHz and motor rated speed P1-09. For example: If ramp rate = 30 seconds and P1-09 (motor vase speed) = 50Hz, and assuming the motor is currently running at 25Hz and the drive is commanded to accelerate to 50Hz. The time taken to reach 50Hz would be 30 seconds (P1-03) / 50 (P1-09) * 25 (required change in speed) = 15(s).

P1-03 Acceleration Ramp Rate: Time taken for the drive to accelerate the motor from OHz to Motor base speed, P1-09 in seconds. P1-04 Deceleration Ramp Rate: Time taken for the drive to decelerate the motor from Motor base speed, P1-09 to OHz in seconds.

6.1.4. Stop Mode Selection

Optidrive Eco units can be programmed to either apply a fixed deceleration to the motor during stopping, or to release control of the motor and allow it to coast or free-wheel to a stop. The default selection is for the drive is ramp to stop and behaviour is programmed using parameter P1-05.

P1-05 Stop Mode Select: Defines how the motor will be stopped in the event of the enable input being removed from the drive. Ramp to stop (P1-05 = 0) will ramp the drive to stop using the value for deceleration entered in P1-04. Coast to stop (P1-05 = 1) will allow the motor to coast to stop (uncontrolled).

6.1.5. Voltage Boost

Voltage boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage at low output frequencies, in order to improve low speed and starting torque. Excessive boost levels may result in increased motor current and temperature, and force ventilation of the motor may be required.

The default value for Torque boost is set 0.0%, and this should only be increased if the starting torque is insufficient. Ensure that the correct Constant or Variable Torque mode is set in P4-01 before adjusting the boost.

P1-11 Torque Boost: Set as a percentage of motor rated voltage P1-07.

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7. Parameters

7.1. Parameter Set Overview

The Optidrive Eco Extended Parameter set consists of 7 groups as follows:

- Group 1 Basic Parameter Set
- Group 2 Extended Parameter Set
- Group 3 User PID Control Parameter Set
- Group 4 Motor Control Parameters
- Group 5 Field Bus Communications Parameter Set
- Group 8 Application Specific Functions Parameter Set
- Group 0 Monitoring and Diagnostic Parameters (Read Only).

When the Optidrive is reset to factory defaults, or is in its factory supplied state, only Group 1 Parameters can be accessed. In order to allow access to parameters from the higher level groups, P1-14 must be set to the same value as P2-40 (Default setting = 101). With this setting, parameter groups 1 – 5 and group 8 can be accessed, along with the first 39 parameters in Group 0. These parameters are listed in the tables below.

For advanced parameter access, P1-14 can be set to the same value as P6-30 (Default setting = 201), which allows access to all parameter groups and ranges. Advanced parameter descriptions are listed in the advanced user guide.

Values given in brackets () are default settings for horsepower rated drive models.

7.2. Parameter Group 1 - Basic Parameters

Par.	Par	ameter Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P1-01	Max	kimum Frequency/S _l	eed Limit	P1-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm
	If P1.4 NO: • 5 • 5	-10 >0, the value entered	motor speed limit – Hz or / displayed is in Rpm. setting of is limited to the lo				
P1-02	Min	imum Frequency/Sp	eed Limit	0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm
	Mini If P1	mum speed limit – Hz or R -10 >0, the value entered	pm. / displayed is in Rpm.				
P1-03	Acc	eleration Ramp Time		0.0	6000.0	30.0	Seconds
	Acceleration ramp time from 0 to base speed (P1-09) in se			seconds.			
P1-04	Dec	eleration Ramp Time		0.0	6000.0	30.0	Seconds
	Dece	eleration ramp time from b	ase speed (P1-09) to stand	dstill in seconds.			
P1-05	Stop	Mode		0	2	0	-
	0	Ramp	When the enable P1-04 as describ		the drive will ramp	to stop, with the rate	controlled by
	1	Coast	When the enable	signal is removed t	he motor will coas	t (freewheel) to stop) .
	2	AC Flux Braking	Provides addition	al braking torque co	apability when dea	celerating.	
P1-07	Mot	or Rated Voltage / k	E	0	Drive Rating	g Dependent	Volts
	For Induction Motors - Enter the rated (nameplate) voltage of the motor (Volts). For PM & BLDC Motors - Enter the back EMF at rated motor speed.						
P1-08	Mot	or Rated Current		Drive Rating	g Dependent	100% drive rated current	Amps
	This p	parameter should be set to	the rated (nameplate) cur	rent of the motor.			
P1-09	Mot	or Rated Frequency		25	500	50 (60)	Hz
	This p	parameter should be set to	the rated (nameplate) cur	rent of the motor.			

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Par.	Par	ameter Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P1-10	Mo	tor Rated Speed		0	30000	0	Rpm		
	This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) Rpm of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated Rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm.								
P1-11	Torque Boost 0.0 0.0 Drive Rating % Dependent								
	Torque Boost is used to increase the applied motor voltage and hence current at low output frequencies. This can improve low speed and starting torque. Increasing the boost level will increase motor current at low speed, which may result in the motor temperature rising - force ventilation of the motor may then be required. In general, the lower the motor power, the higher the boost setting that may be safely used. For IM motors, a suitable setting can usually be found by operating the motor under very low or no load conditions at approximately 5Hz, and adjusting P1-11 until the motor current is approximately the magnetising current. This parameter is also effective when using alternative motor types, P4-01 = 3, 4 or 5. In this case, the boost current level is defined as 4 x P1-11 x P1-08.								
P1-12	Prir	mary Command Source		0	6	0	-		
	0	Terminal Control	The drive responds	s directly to signals	applied to the cor	ntrol terminals.			
	1	Keypad control - uni-directional	The drive can be o	controlled in the for	ward direction onl	y using an external o	or remote		
	2	Keypad control - uni-directional	As above.						
	3	PID Control	The output frequer	cy is controlled by	the internal PID co	entroller.			
	4	Fieldbus Control	By the selected Fie	eldbus (Group 5 Pc	arameters) – Exclud	ded BACnet (see op	otion 6).		
	5	Slave Mode	The drive acts as a	Slave to a connec	cted Optidrive ope	erating in Master M	ode.		
	6	BACNet MS/TP Mode	Drive communicate	es / responds as a	a slave within a BA	Cnet network.			
P1-13	Dig	ital Input Function		0	14	1	-		
	Defines the function of the digital inputs. When set to 0 the inputs are user defined using group 9 parameters or the PLC software function in the OptiTools Studio software package. When set to a value other than 0 the digital input configuration is defined by digital input definition table (see section 8.1. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13).								
P1-14	Ext	ended Menu Access		0	30000	0	-		
	P1-1	meter Access Control. The follow $4 \Leftrightarrow P2-40$ and $P1-14 \Leftrightarrow P6-30$ $4 = P2-40$ (101 default): Allows $4 = P6-30$ (201 default): Allows	D: Allows access to Parameter	arameter Group 1 Groups 0 - 5 and (,				

8. Control Terminal Functions

8.1. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13

P1-13	Local (Hand) Control Function	Digital Input 1 (Terminal 2)	Digital In (Termina	put 2 al 3)	In	igital put 3 ninal 4)	Inp (Terr	alog ut I minal	(Т	Analog Input 2 erminal 10)	Notes
0	N/A	All functions User defi	ned in Menu 9 c	or configure	ed throu	ugh PLC fur	nction ir	n OptiTc	ols stu	dio software suite	
1*(3)		O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Normal Op C: Preset 1/ PI Set-point 2	eration		emote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	When Input 3 is Closed:
2	Analog	O: No Function C: Momentary Start	O: Stop (Disab C: Run Permit	le)		emote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	Reference = Analog Input 2
3	Input 2	O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Forward C: Reverse			emote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	Start Command = Input 1 In PI Mode,
4		O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Fire Mode ² C: Normal Ope			emote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	Analog Input 1 must be used for feedback
5		O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Preset Spee C: Preset Spee			emote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	C: N	xt Trip Iormal ration	When Input 3 is Closed:
6	Preset Speeds	O: No Function C: Momentary Start	O: Stop (Disab C: Run Permit	le)		emote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1		reset 1 reset 21	Speed Reference = Preset Speed
7		O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Forward C: Reverse			emote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	1	reset 1 reset 2	1 / 2 Start Command
8		O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Fire Mode C: Normal Op		1	emote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1		reset 1 reset 2	= Input 1
9 *(3)		O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Normal Op C: Preset 1/ Pl Set-point 2	eration		emote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	
10 ^{*(3)}	Keypad	O: Stop C: Run/Enable	O: Normal Op C: Preset 1/ Pl Set-point 2	eration	1	emote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	C: N	xt Trip Iormal ration	When Input 3 is Closed: Speed Reference =
11	Speed Reference	O: No Function C: Momentary Start	O: Stop (Disab C: Run Permit	le)		emote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	Keypad Start Command
12		O: Stop C: Run Fwd	O: Forward C: Reverse			emote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	= Determined by P2-37
13		O: Stop C: Run Fwd	O: Fire Mode ' C: Normal Op			emote Ctrl cal Ctrl	Analo	g In 1	Anal	og In 2	
				Digit input	al	Anal inpu		Ana inpu	log	Preset Speed	
				Off		Off				Preset Speed 1	
				On		Off		0		Preset Speed 2	
		O: Stop	O: Forward	Off		On		0	ff	Preset Speed 3	
14		C: Run	C: Reverse	On		On		0	ff	Preset Speed 4	
				Off		Off		0	n	Preset Speed 5	
				On		Off		0		Preset Speed 6	
				Off		On		0		Preset Speed 7	
				On		On		0	n	Preset Speed 8	

Notes

NOTE "Motor thermistor trip" connection is via analog input 2 and is configured by parameter P2-33 (PLc-Lh).

^{*(1):} Logic shown is as per the default setting. Fire mode logic can be configured through parameter P8-09.

^{*(2)}: Default setting for P1-13 = 1.

^{*(3):} When the drive is in PID control (P1-12 = 3) and digital preset reference is selected (P3-05 = 0) then P1-13 can be set to 1, 9, or 10 to allow selection between two independent digital references using digital input 2. Digital preset reference 1 and 2 are set in P3-06 and P3-15 respectively.

9. Extended Parameters

9.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended parameters

ar.	Param	eter Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P2-01	Preset	Frequency / Speed 1		-P1-01	P1-01	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm		
P2-02	Preset	Frequency / Speed 2		-P1-01	P1-01	40.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-03	Preset	Frequency / Speed 3		-P1-01	P1-01	25.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-04	Preset	Frequency / Speed 4		-P1-01	P1-01	P1-01	Hz / Rpm		
	Preset speeds can be selected by: Configuring P1-13 to an option that permits logic selection via the digital inputs (see section 8.1. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13). Using the user defined logic configuration parameters in Parameter Group 9. Configured through the drive PLC function using the OptiTools Studio Suite PC software.								
P2-05	Preset	Speed 5 / Clean 1		-P1-01	P1-01	0.0	Hz /Rpm		
		peed 5 is automatically reference peed 5 can be selected as per p		function when this	is enabled. When	the Pump Clean fur	ction is disable		
P2-06	Preset	Speed 6 / Clean 2		-P1-01	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
		peed 6 is automatically reference peed 6 can be selected as per c			is enabled. When	the Pump Clean fur	ction is disable		
P2-07	Preset	Speed 7 / Boost 1 / Pump	Stir Speed	-P1-01	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
		peed 7 is automatically reference d. When they are disabled, Prese				ction, when these fu	nctions are		
P2-08	Preset	Speed 8 / Boost 2		-P1-01	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
		peed 8 is automatically references can be selected as per preset		op Boost function when this function is enabled. When disabled, Preset					
P2-09	Skip Fı	requency Centre Point		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
	LoweUpp	the centre point of the skip frequer limit = P2-09 - P2-10/2 er limit = P2-09 + P2-10/2 frequency bands defined for for	,		·	,			
P2-10	Skip F	requency Band Width		0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
	LoweUpp	the width of the skip frequency ber limit = P2-09 - P2-10/2 er limit = P2-09 + P2-10/2 frequency bands defined for for			·				
P2-11	Analog	g Output 1 Function		0	12	8	-		
	Digital	Output Mode. Logic 1 = +	24V DC						
	0	Drive running		e Optidrive is enab					
	1	Drive healthy	Logic 1 When no	o Fault condition ex	xists on the drive.				
	2	At speed		output frequency		nt frequency.			
	3	Motor speed > 0	Logic 1 when the	motor runs above	zero speed.				
	4	Motor speed >= limit	- u	motor speed exce	· ·				
	5	Motor current >=limit	Logic 1 when the	e motor current exc	eeds the adjustabl	e limit.			
	6	Motor torque >= Limit		·	······				
	7 Analog input 2 >= limit Logic when the signal applied to the Analog Input 2 exceeds the adjustable limit.								
	6 Motor torque >= Limit Logic when the motor torque exceeds the adjustable limit.								

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Par.	Param	eter Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P2-12		g Output 1 Format		-	-	U 0- 10	-				
	U 0- 10	= 0 to 10V			1	I					
	и 10-0	7 = 10 to OV									
	A 0-50	J = 0 to 20 mA									
		I = 20 to OmA									
		I = 4 to 20mA									
	_	I = 20 to 4mA									
P2-13	Analog	g Output 2 Function		0	12	9	-				
	Digital	Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2	4V DC								
	0	Drive running	Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enabled (Running).								
	1	Drive healthy	Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive.								
	2	At speed	Logic 1 when the	output frequency r	matches the setpoint	frequency.					
	3	Motor speed > 0	Logic 1 when the	motor runs above	zero speed.						
	4	Motor speed >= limit	Logic 1 when the	motor speed exce	eds the adjustable l	imit.					
	5	Motor current >= limit	Logic 1 when the	motor current exce	eeds the adjustable	limit.					
	6	Motor torque >= limit	Logic when the m	otor torque exceed	ds the adjustable lim	nit.					
	7	Analog input 2 >= limit	Logic when the sig	gnal applied to the	Analog Input 2 exc	ceeds the adjustab	le limit.				
	to Logic	When using settings 4 – 7, param 1 when the selected signal excer ogrammed in P2-20.	eters P2-19 and P2-2 eds the value progra	20 must be used to mmed in P2-19, an	ogether to control the	e behaviour. The o when the signal fal	utput will switch Is below the				
	Analog	g Output Mode									
	8	Motor speed	0 to P1-01.								
	9	Motor current	0 to 200% of P1-	08.							
	10	Motor torque	0 to 200% of mot	tor rated torque.							
	11	Motor power	0 to 150% of driv	e rated power.							
	12	PID output	Output from the in	nternal PID Control	ler, 0 – 100%.	-					
P2-14	Analog	g Output 2 Format		-	-	U 0- 10	-				
	0-0 = 1 A 0-20 A 20-0 A 4-20	0 to 10V 0 to 0V 1 = 0 to 20mA 1 = 20 to 0mA 1 = 4 to 20mA 1 = 20 to 4mA									

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•	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
-15	Relay 1 Function	0	15	1	-
	Selects the function assigned to Relay Output 1. The relay has relay is active, and therefore the normally open contact is clocontact is opened (terminals 14 and 16 will no longer be corned to some serious 4, 5, 6, 7 & 14 use the adjustable limit parameters P2 chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-16) of below the Lower Threshold (P2-17). O: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled. 1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the contact of the contac	sed (terminals 14 connected together). 2-16 and P2-17. The not resets to Logic (larve and no fault ene set-point frequency to the motor is exceeds the adjust exceeds the adjust exceeds the Analog (Fire Mode (F	e Output switches to (0 Volt DC) when wists. sexceeds 0.0Hz. table limit. stable limit. should be said to the limit of the limit. should be said to the limit of the limit. should be said to the limit of the limit. should be said the limit of the limit of the limit. Input 2 exceeds the limit of th	d together) and the cologic 1 (24 Volt Dathe chosen analogous adjustable limit.	normally clos
	drive is ready for automatic control. 12: Drive tripped. Logic 1 when the drive has tripped an			,	
	13: STO Status. Logic 1 when both Hardware Enable (STO			ole to be operated.	
	14 : PID error >=limit. The PID Error (difference between	setpoint and feedb	oack) is greater tha	n or equal to the pr	ogrammed lin
	15: Low & high current warning. Logic 1 when the lo or low load condition has been detected – usually used to sign	ad monitoring has gnal pump blockaç	been enabled usin ge or burst pipe.	g P8-06 to P8-08 (and a high lo
-16	Relay 1 / AO1 Upper Limit	P2-17	200.0	100.0	%
	Setting the upper limited value for P2-11 and P2-15, please re	efer to P2-11 or P2	- 15.		
-1 <i>7</i>	Relay 1 / AO1 Lower Limit	0	P2-16	0.0	%
-1 <i>7</i>	Relay 1 / AO1 Lower Limit Setting the lower limited value for P2-11 and P2-15, please re			0.0	%
-1 <i>7</i> -18	Setting the lower limited value for P2-11 and P2-15, please re Relay 2 Function Selects the function assigned to Relay Output 2. The relay has	efer to P2-11 or P2	-15. 15	0	-
	Setting the lower limited value for P2-11 and P2-15, please re Relay 2 Function Selects the function assigned to Relay Output 2. The relay has terminals 17 and 18 will be linked together. Settings 4, 5, 6, 7 & 14 use the adjustable limit parameters P2 chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) of below the Lower Threshold (P2-20). O: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled. 1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case of the cas	efer to P2-11 or P2- efer to P2-11 or P2- s two output termina 2-19 and P2-20. The resets to Logic (Arive and no fault ene set-point frequency to the motor exceeds the adjust the exceeds the adjust exc	15. 15. als, Logic 1 indicate the Output switches to (0 Volt DC) when wists. incy. exceeds 0.0Hz. table limit. stable limit. stable limit.	es the relay is active to Logic 1 (24 Volt [the chosen analog	e, and therefo
	Setting the lower limited value for P2-11 and P2-15, please re Relay 2 Function Selects the function assigned to Relay Output 2. The relay has terminals 17 and 18 will be linked together. Settings 4, 5, 6, 7 & 14 use the adjustable limit parameters P2 chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) of below the Lower Threshold (P2-20). O: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled. 1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case of the cas	efer to P2-11 or P2- o s two output termina 2-19 and P2-20. The not resets to Logic (drive and no fault ene set-point frequency to the motor enexceeds the adjust the exceeds the adjust the exceeds the adjust to the Analog proposed p	als, Logic 1 indicate the Output switches of (0 Volt DC) wher exists. exceeds 0.0Hz. table limit. stable limit. stable limit. linput 2 exceeds the cascade. Node input is active	es the relay is active to Logic 1 (24 Volt [the chosen analog adjustable limit.	e, and therefo
	Relay 2 Function Selects the function assigned to Relay Output 2. The relay has terminals 17 and 18 will be linked together. Settings 4, 5, 6, 7 & 14 use the adjustable limit parameters P2 chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) of below the Lower Threshold (P2-20). O: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled. 1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the companion of the co	efer to P2-11 or P2- efer to P2-11 or P2- s two output termine 2-19 and P2-20. The resets to Logic (Arive and no fault enes set-point frequency to the motor enesceeds the adjust the exceeds the	als, Logic 1 indicated to County and the South of the County of the Coun	es the relay is active to Logic 1 (24 Volt [the chosen analog e adjustable limit.). is now due. ty circuit is enabled to be operated. In or equal to the pro-	e, and therefo
-18	Relay 2 Function Selects the function assigned to Relay Output 2. The relay has terminals 17 and 18 will be linked together. Settings 4, 5, 6, 7 & 14 use the adjustable limit parameters P2 chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) obelow the Lower Threshold (P2-20). O: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled. 1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case of t	efer to P2-11 or P2- o s two output termine 2-19 and P2-20. The not resets to Logic (drive and no fault ene set-point frequency to the motor exceeds the adjust exceeds the adjust exceeds the adjust exceeds the Analog p staging –DOL C. Fire Mode (Fire Mode (Fire Mode, no trips are produced, no trips are produced the display shown) inputs are present setpoint and feedbaganal pump blockage.	als, Logic 1 indicated to a Court of the Output switches of (0 Volt DC) where the court of the C	es the relay is active to Logic 1 (24 Volt I the chosen analog the chosen analog the chosen analog adjustable limit. It is now due. It is enabled to be operated. In or equal to the progression of the pr	e, and therefor DC) when the gralue reduced indicating the ogrammed line and a high local control of the contro
-18	Relay 2 Function Selects the function assigned to Relay Output 2. The relay has terminals 17 and 18 will be linked together. Settings 4, 5, 6, 7 & 14 use the adjustable limit parameters P2 chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) of below the Lower Threshold (P2-20). O: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled. 1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the companion of the co	efer to P2-11 or P2- o s two output terminal 2-19 and P2-20. The resets to Logic (drive and no fault eneror eneror to the motor eneror to the motor eneror to the motor eneror to the exceeds the adjust the exceeds the adjust the exceeds the exceeds the exceeds the adjust the exceeds the exceeds the exceeds the adjust the exceeds the	als, Logic 1 indicated to a Country of the Country	es the relay is active to Logic 1 (24 Volt [the chosen analog e adjustable limit.). is now due. ty circuit is enabled to be operated. In or equal to the pro-	e, and therefor DC) when the gralue reduced indicating the ogrammed line.
	Relay 2 Function Selects the function assigned to Relay Output 2. The relay has terminals 17 and 18 will be linked together. Settings 4, 5, 6, 7 & 14 use the adjustable limit parameters P2 chosen analog value exceeds the Upper Threshold (P2-19) obelow the Lower Threshold (P2-20). O: Drive running. Logic 1 when the motor is enabled. 1: Drive healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the case of t	efer to P2-11 or P2- o s two output terminal 2-19 and P2-20. The resets to Logic (drive and no fault eneror eneror to the motor eneror to the motor eneror to the motor eneror to the exceeds the adjust the exceeds the adjust the exceeds the exceeds the exceeds the adjust the exceeds the exceeds the exceeds the adjust the exceeds the	als, Logic 1 indicated to a Country of the Country	es the relay is active to Logic 1 (24 Volt I the chosen analog the chosen analog the chosen analog adjustable limit. It is now due. It is enabled to be operated. In or equal to the progression of the pr	e, and therefor DC) when the gralue reduced indicating the ogrammed line and a high local control of the contro

Par.	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P2-21	Display Scaling Factor	-30.000	30.000	0.000	-
	Determines the factor for scaling display. The variable selected in P2-22 is scaled by the factor set in P				
P2-22	Display Scaling Source	0	3	0	-
	Source value used when custom units are to be shown on the O: Motor Speed 1: Motor Current 2: Analog Input 2 3: P0-80 Value NOTE P2-21 & P2-22 allow the user to program the Optidri parameter (for example, to display conveyer speed in metres This function is disabled if P2-21 is set to O. If P2-21 is set >0, and is shown on the drive display whilst the drive is running.	ive display to show s per second based	I on the output freq	uency).	
P2-23	Zero Speed Holding Time	0.0	60.0	0.2	Seconds
	Determines the time for which the drive output frequency is he	eld at zero when sto	pping, before the a	drive output is disa	bled.
P2-24	Effective Switching Frequency	Driv	e Rating Depen	dent	kHz
	Effective power stage switching frequency. Higher frequencies waveform, at the expense of increased drive losses. NOTE De-rating of the drive output current may be required 11.8.3. Derating for Switching Frequency for further information	when increasing P			
P2-25	Fast Decel Ramp Time	0.00	240.0	0.0	Seconds
P2-26	Fast deceleration ramp can also be selected using the user d configured through the drive PLC function using the OptiTools In addition, if P2-25 > 0, P1-02 > 0, P2-10 = 0 and P2-09 = when operating below minimum speed, allowing selection of which may be useful in pump and compressor applications. Spin Start Enable	Studio Suite PC so P1-02, this ramp tii	ftware. me is applied to bo	th acceleration ar	nd deceleration
	When Enabled, the drive will attempt to determine if the motor direction. The drive will begin control of the motor from its predrive whilst the spin start function is completed. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled 2: Enabled following Trip, Brown Out or Coast St	esent (detected) spe			
P2-27	Standby Mode Timer	0.0	250.0	0.0	Seconds
	This parameter defines the time period, whereby if the drive of for greater than the set time period, the Optidrive output will be P2-27 = 0.0.	pperates at the frequ pe disabled, and th	uency / speed set i e display will show	n P3-14 (Standby 5Endby . The fund	speed threshold ction is disabled
P2-28	Slave Speed Scaling Control	0	3	0	-
D0 00	Active in Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) and Slave mode (P factor or adjusted using an analog trim or offset. 0: Disabled. No scaling or offset is applied. 1: Actual Speed = Digital Speed x P2-29 2: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29) + Anal 3: Actual Speed = (Digital Speed x P2-29) x Anal	og Input 1 Refe log Input 1 Refe	rence rence		
P2-29	Slave Speed Scaling Factor	-500.0	500.0	%	100.0
P2-30	Slave speed scaling factor used in conjunction with P2-28.	San F	Below	U 0- 10	-
1 2-30	U □- I□ = 0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). U □- □ = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). - I□- □ = -10 to + 10 Volt Signal (Bi-polar). R □-2□ = 0 to 20mA Signal.	366 6		0 0 10	

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r	-	М	
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	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P2-31	Analog Input 1 Scaling	0.0	2000.0	100.0	%
	P2-31 is used to scale the analog input prior to being app the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result	lied as a reference to in the drive running at	the drive. For exam maximum speed (P	ple, if P2-30 is set f 1-01).	or 0 – 10V, an
P2-32	Analog Input 1 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%
	P2-32 defines an offset for the analog input, as a percent incoming analog signal and a negative offset is added to set to 10.0%, then 1 volt (10% of 10V) will be deducted fro	the signal. For exampl	e, if P2-30 is set for	0 - 10V, and the c	d from the analog offset is
P2-33	Analog Input 2 Format	See B	elow	U 0- 10	-
	U 0-10 = 0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). U 10-0 = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). Ptc-th = Motor PTC Thermistor Input. R 0-20 = 0 to 20mA Signal. t 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and some signal of the Ptd of	stop if the signal level fo show the fault code 4-	alls below 3mA. 20F if the signal lev		
P2-34	Analog Input 2 Scaling	0.0	2000.0	100.0	%
	P2-34 is used to scale the analog input prior to being app the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result	olied as a reference to in the drive running at	the drive. For exam maximum speed (P	ple, if P2-34 is set f 1-01).	for 0 – 10V, ar
P2-35	Analog Input 2 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%
	P2-35 defines an offset for the analog input, as a percent incoming analog signal and a negative offset is added to set to 10.0%, then 1 volt (10% of 10V) will be deducted fro	the signal. For exampl	e, if P2-33 is set for	0 - 10V, and the c	d from the analog offset is
2-36	Start Mode Select / Automatic Restart	See B	elow	Ed9E-r	-
	Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not st on or reset to start the drive. RULa-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will at RULa-I to RULa-S: Following a trip, the drive will make powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restar	utomatically start if Digi e up to 5 attempts to re	tal Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second	ł. intervals. The drive	must be
	on or reset to start the drive. #ULo-0: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will a	utomatically start if Digi e up to 5 attempts to re t attempts are counted eset the fault.	tal Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second , and if the drive fai	d. Intervals. The drive Is to start on the find	must be al attempt, the
P2-37	on or reset to start the drive. #ULD-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will at #ULD-I to #ULD-S: Following a trip, the drive will make powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restar drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually re DANGER! "#ULD" modes allow the drive safety needs to be considered. Keypad Start Mode	utomatically start if Digical properties of the start of	tal Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second , and if the drive fai efore the impac	I. intervals. The drive ls to start on the find it on system/Pe	must be al attempt, the ersonnel
P2-37	on or reset to start the drive. **RULD-**D*: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will an RULD-**I to RULD-**S*: Following a trip, the drive will make powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restar drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually research to the drive safety needs to be considered. **RULD**I** modes allow the drive safety needs to be considered. **Keypad Start Mode** Options 0 to 3 are only active when P1-12 = 1 or 2 (keypad pressed before running. O: Minimum speed, keypad start. Following a start: Previous speed, keypad start. Following a start prior to stopping. 2: Current speed, keypad start. Where the Optidrian or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad modes speed. 3: Preset speed 4, keypad start. Following a stop Options 4 to 7 are only active in all control modes. Drive	utomatically start if Digitive up to 5 attempts to retain a transport of the transport of t	tal Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second and if the drive fail effore the impact of the settings, the drive will always initially will return to the last liple speed referent drive will always initially to will always initially will continue the settings.	d. intervals. The drive ls to start on the find to system/Pe 2 waits for the keypad run at the minimum t keypad set-point sees (typically Hand o operate at the lassally run at Preset Sp	must be all attempt, the ersonnel d start button to a speed P1-02 speed used / Auto controlst operating beed 4 (P2-04)
P2-37	on or reset to start the drive. #UEp-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will an #UEp-I to #UEp-5: Following a trip, the drive will make powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restar drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault will be powered. **REMANDER!** "Full on the drive is safety needs to be considered. **Keypad Start Mode** Options 0 to 3 are only active when P1-12 = 1 or 2 (keypad be pressed before running. O: Minimum speed, keypad start. Following a stoppior to stopping. 2: Current speed, keypad start. Where the Optidrian or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode speed. 3: Preset speed 4, keypad start. Following a stope options 4 to 7 are only active in all control modes. Drive terminals. 4: Minimum speed, terminal start. Following a stoppior to stopping.	utomatically start if Digitive up to 5 attempts to rest attempts are counted esset the fault. to Auto-start, there o and Mode). With these or and restart, the drive we is configured for mure by a digital input, the and restart, the Optidation of the starting in these modes of and restart, the drive was and restart, the drive	tal Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second and if the drive fail efore the impact of the estate of th	d. intervals. The drive ls to start on the find of the system/Pe 2 waits for the keypad of the keypad set-point set the last ally run at Preset Spee enable digital input of the minimum special set the minimum set the mini	must be all attempt, the ersonnel - d start button to a speed P1-02 speed used I / Auto controls to operating the properation of the controls operated by the controls op
P2-37	on or reset to start the drive. **RULD-**D*: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will an RULD-**I to RULD-**S: Following a trip, the drive will make powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restar drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with a will require the user to manually research will require the user to manually research. **Reypad Start Mode** Options 0 to 3 are only active when P1-12 = 1 or 2 (keypobe pressed before running. O: Minimum speed, keypad start. Following a stopprior to stopping. 2: Current speed, keypad start. Where the Option or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode speed. 3: Preset speed 4, keypad start. Following a stope options 4 to 7 are only active in all control modes. Drive terminals. 4: Minimum speed, terminal start. Following a stoppior to stopping. 6: Current speed, terminal start. Where the Option control or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypoperating speed.	utomatically start if Digital properties of the start of	tal Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second and if the drive fail effore the impact of the transfer of the trans	d. intervals. The drive ls to start on the find to start on the keypad waits for the keypad set-point staypad set-point and the minimum specially run at Preset Specially run at Preset Specially run at the minimum special start operated to operate staypad set-point ences (typically Hocontinue to operate start on the start of the start o	must be all attempt, the ersonnel d start button to a speed P1-02 speed used / Auto controlst operating beed 4 (P2-04 ut on the controlsed P1-02. speed used and / Auto e at the last
	on or reset to start the drive. #ULD-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will an #ULD-I to #ULD-S: Following a trip, the drive will make powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restar drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault will require the user to manually research. **Keypad Start Mode** Options 0 to 3 are only active when P1-12 = 1 or 2 (keypobe pressed before running. 0: Minimum speed, keypad start. Following a storprior to stopping. 2: Current speed, keypad start. Where the Option of Local / Remote control), when switched to keypobe storprior to stopping. 4: Minimum speed, terminal start. Following a storprior to stopping. 6: Current speed, terminal start. Where the Option control or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypobe operating speed. 7: Preset speed 4, terminal start. Following a storpoperating speed.	utomatically start if Digital properties of the distribution of the properties of the properties of the distribution of the properties of the properti	tal Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second and if the drive fail effore the impact of t	I. intervals. The drive ls to start on the find of the start on the start on the start on the start on the start of the start	must be all attempt, the ersonnel d start button to a speed P1-02 speed used / Auto controlst operating beed 4 (P2-04 ut on the controls speed used used and / Auto e at the last
P2-37	on or reset to start the drive. **RULD-**D*: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will an RULD-**I to RULD-**S: Following a trip, the drive will make powered down to reset the counter. The numbers of restar drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with, and will require the user to manually research will fault with a will require the user to manually research will require the user to manually research. **Reypad Start Mode** Options 0 to 3 are only active when P1-12 = 1 or 2 (keypobe pressed before running. O: Minimum speed, keypad start. Following a stopprior to stopping. 2: Current speed, keypad start. Where the Option or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode speed. 3: Preset speed 4, keypad start. Following a stope options 4 to 7 are only active in all control modes. Drive terminals. 4: Minimum speed, terminal start. Following a stoppior to stopping. 6: Current speed, terminal start. Where the Option control or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypoperating speed.	utomatically start if Digitive up to 5 attempts to rest attempts are counted eset the fault. To Auto-start, there o and Mode). With these or and restart, the drive and restart, the Optical starting in these modes or and restart, the drive we provide the provided of the counter of the coun	tal Input 1 is closed estart at 20 second and if the drive fail effore the impact of the transfer of transfer	d. intervals. The drive ls to start on the find to start on the keypad waits for the keypad set-point staypad set-point and the minimum start keypad set-point at the minimum specially run at Preset Special set seypad set-point ences (typically Hocontinue to operate stally run at Preset Specially run at Preset Special spe	must be all attempt, the ersonnel d start button to a speed P1-02 speed used / Auto controlst operating beed 4 (P2-04 ut on the controlsed P1-02 speed used and / Auto e at the last

Par.	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P2-39	Parameter Lock 0 1 0 -								
	O: Unlocked. All parameters can be accessed and change 1: Locked. Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot		disables Hand and	d Auto button on k	eypad.				
P2-40	Extended Menu Access Code 0 9999 101 -								
	Defines the access code which must be entered in P1-14 to a	ccess parameter g	roups above Grou	p 1.					

Par.	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P3-01	PID Proportional Gain	0.1	30.0	1.0	-
	PID Controller Proportional Gain. Instantaneous error be P3-01 to produce the output from the PID controller. High frequency in response to changes in the PID set-point or	ner values of proportional g	ain produce a larç	ger change in the	
P3-02	PID Integral Time	0.0	30.0	1.0	Second
	PID Controller Integral Time. Accumulated error in the PID to influence the output from the PID controller. P3-02 is the response. Lower values result is a faster system response.	ne time constant for accumul	d errors between s ating error. Larger	et-point and fee values provide	dback signals a more damp
P3-03	PID Differential Time	0.00	1.00	0.00	Second
	PID Differential Time Constant. The Differential time const works to slow the rate of change of the PID controller, po overshoot but slow down response and may lead to instance. NOTE P3-03 is set to 0 by default which disables the di of its default value.	articularly as it approached ability.	the set-point. Settir	ng a shorter time	will decrease
P3-04	PID Operating Mode	0	1	0	-
	0 : Direct operation. Use this mode if an increase in	· ·			
	1: Inverse operation. Use this mode if an increase	in the feedback signal shou	ld result in an incre	ease in the moto	r speed.
P3-05	PID Reference Select	0	2	0	-
	Selects the source for the PID Reference / Set-point 0: Digital preset. P3-06 is used. 1: Analog input 1 2: Analog input 2				
P3-06	0 : Digital preset. P3-06 is used. 1 : Analog input 1 2 : Analog input 2 PID Digital Reference Value	0.0 Ference (set-point) used for the	100.0 ne PID Controller.	0.0	%
P3-06	0 : Digital preset. P3-06 is used. 1 : Analog input 1 2 : Analog input 2			0.0	%
	 0: Digital preset. P3-06 is used. 1: Analog input 1 2: Analog input 2 PID Digital Reference Value When P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference 	erence (set-point) used for the	ne PID Controller.		
P3-07	O: Digital preset. P3-06 is used. 1: Analog input 1 2: Analog input 2 PID Digital Reference Value When P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital ref PID Output Upper Limit	erence (set-point) used for the	ne PID Controller.		
P3-07	O: Digital preset. P3-06 is used. 1: Analog input 1 2: Analog input 2 PID Digital Reference Value When P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital ref PID Output Upper Limit Limits the maximum value output from the PID controller.	erence (set-point) used for the	ne PID Controller.	100.0	%
	O: Digital preset. P3-06 is used. 1: Analog input 1 2: Analog input 2 PID Digital Reference Value When P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital ref PID Output Upper Limit Limits the maximum value output from the PID controller. PID Output Lower Limit	erence (set-point) used for the	ne PID Controller.	100.0	%
P3-07	O: Digital preset. P3-06 is used. 1: Analog input 1 2: Analog input 2 PID Digital Reference Value When P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital ref PID Output Upper Limit Limits the maximum value output from the PID controller. PID Output Lower Limit Limits the minimum output from the PID controller.	P3-08 P3-08 O.O Controller is limited by the varange of the PID controller arange of the PID controller	P3-07 P3-07 3 values of P3-07 & is limited by the significant by th	0.0 0 P3-08. Ilues of P3-08 &	% % the signal Analog Input
P3-07	O: Digital preset. P3-06 is used. 1: Analog input 1 2: Analog input 2 PID Digital Reference Value When P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital ref PID Output Upper Limit Limits the maximum value output from the PID controller. PID Output Lower Limit Limits the minimum output from the PID controller. PID Output Limit Select O: Digital output limits. The output range of the PID 1: Upper limit set by analog input 1. The output applied to Analog Input 1. 2: Lower limit set by analog input 1. The output & the value of P3-07. 3: PID output added to analog input 1. The output added to analog input 1.	P3-08 P3-08 O.O Controller is limited by the varange of the PID controller arange of the PID controller	P3-07 P3-07 3 values of P3-07 & is limited by the significant by th	0.0 0 P3-08. Ilues of P3-08 &	% % the signal Analog Input

5 : Largest (analog inpt 1, analog input 2). The greater of Analog input 1 or Analog Input 2 is always used.

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Par.	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P3-11	PID Error to Enable Ramp	0.0	25.0	0.0	%
	Defines a threshold PID error level, whereby if the difference betw the internal ramp times of the drive are disabled to allow the drive ramp times are enabled to limit the rate of change of motor speed	to react quickly to			
	Setting to 0.0 means that the drive ramps are always enabled. Thi ramps where a fast reaction to the PID control is required, however possible over current or over voltage trips being generated are re	er by only disabling			
P3-12	PID Feedback Display Scaling	0.000	50.000	0.000	-
	Applies a scaling factor to the displayed PID feedback, allowing e.g. 0 – 10 Bar etc.	the user to display t	the actual signal le	evel from a trans	ducer,
P3-13	PID Error Wake Level	0.0	100.0	5.0	%
	Sets a programmable PID Error Level whereby if the drive enters st between the PID reference and PID feedback signals must exceed				difference
P3-14	Standby Speed Threshold	0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm
	Determines the level at which the drive will enter into standby mod active. Drive enters standby mode if motor speed remains below t				
P3-15	PID Reference 2 Value	0.0	100.0	0.0	%
	When P3-05 = 0, and the 2nd digital reference is selected (see so parameter sets the preset digital reference (set-point) used for the		nput Configuratio	n Parameter P1-	13) this
P3-16	Pump Prime Time	0	2000	0	Seconds
	A value other than zero in this parameter will automatically enable t in PID control or is switched to PID control, the drive will monitor the level does not exceed the threshold entered in P3-17 before the time	PID feedback level	for the time entere	d in P3-16. If the	PID feedback
P3-17	Burst Pipe Threshold	0.0	100.0	0.0	%
	PID feedback threshold for the burst pipe detection. In direct PID n before the pump prime time (P3-16) expires. In inverse PID mode, the pump prime time (P3-16) expires.				
P3-18	PID Reset Control	0	1	1	-
	O: Continuous Run. PID loop will continue running as long as 1: On drive Enable. PID loop will only run when the drive is e integral result).) output will rese	et to 0 (Including
P3-19	Burst Pipe Detection Trip Delay	0	600	0	Seconds
	When burst pipe detection is enabled by configuring parameters	P3_16 & P3_17 +his	narameter adds	a delay /filtor to	
	This can be useful in situations where the system has been operating can cause an overshoot of pressure followed by an undershoot w	ng in steady state a	nd sudden closing	g and then re-op	

9.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control



Incorrect adjustment of parameters in menu group 4 can cause unexpected behaviour of the motor and any connected machinery. It is recommended that these parameters are only adjusted by experienced users.

Par.	Parameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P4-01	Motor Control Mode	0	6	0	-			
	O : ECO Vector Speed Control - Variable Torque. Suitable for control of variable torque (centrifugal) fans and pumps with standard (IM) motors.							
	1 : ECO Vector Speed Control - Constant Torque. Constant Torque, suitable for constant torque loads, such as displacement pumps with standard (IM) motors.							
	2: IM Motor, Vector Speed Control. Control mode for IM Motors.							
	3 : PM Motor, Vector Speed Control. Control mode for AC Permanent Magnet Motors.							
	4 : BLDC Motor, Vector Speed Control. Control mode for Brushless DC Motors.							
	5 : Sync RM Motor, Vector Speed Control. Control mode for Synchronous Reluctance Motors.							
	6: LSPM Motor, Vector Speed Control. Control mode for Line Start Permanent Magnet Motors.							
	NOTE Modes 0 and 1 do not require an autotune, although performance may be improved if one is carried out. Modes 2 and above require an autotune to be completed after the motor parameters are entered.							
P4-02	Auto-tune Enable	0	1	0	-			
	When set to 1, the drive immediately carries out a non-rotating auto-tune to measure the motor parameters for optimum control and efficiency. Following completion of the auto-tune, the parameter automatically returns to 0.							

Vector Speed Controller Proportional Gain								
	0.1	400.0	50.0	%				
required dynamic behaviour is achieved with little or no overshoo In general, the factory set value will be suitable for most fan and p	oplications requiring e value and monitori t where the output sp oump applications, h	best possible per ing the actual outposed exceeds the igher friction load	formance, the vo out speed of the setpoint.	alue should load until the				
Vector Speed Controller Integral Time Constant	0.010	2.000	0.050	Seconds				
Sets the integral time for the speed controller. Smaller values provide a faster response in reaction to motor load changes, at the risk of introducing instability. For best dynamic performance, the value should be adjusted to suit the connected load.								
Motor Power Factor Cos Ø	0.00	0.99	-	-				
When operating in Vector Speed motor control mode, this parameter must be set to the motor nameplate power factor.								
Maximum Torque / Current Limit0.0150.0110.0%								
This parameter defines the maximum current or torque limit used by the drive.								
Thermal Overload Retention	0	1	1	-				
0 : Disabled. 1 : Enabled. All Optidrives feature electronic thermal overload protection for the connected motor, designed to protect the motor against damage. An internal overload accumulator monitors the motor output current over time, and will trip the drive if the usage exceeds the thermal limit. When P4-12 is disabled, removing the power supply from the drive and re-applying will reset the value of the accumulator. When P4-12 is enabled, the value is retained during power off.								
Output Phase Sequence	0	1	0	-				
0: U,Y,W. 1: U,W,V. Direction of motor rotation when operating in a forward direction will be reversed.								
Thermal Overload Reaction	0	2	1	-				
0: Trip. When the overload accumulator reaches the limit, the drive will trip on lt.trp to prevent damage to the motor. 1: Current Limit Reduction. When the overload accumulator reaches 90% of, the output current limit is internally reduced to 100% of P1-08 in order to avoid an lt.trp. The current limit will return to the setting in P4-07 when the overload accumulator reaches 10%.								
	required dynamic behaviour is achieved with little or no overshoo In general, the factory set value will be suitable for most fan and proportional gain, and high inertia, low friction loads may require Vector Speed Controller Integral Time Constant Sets the integral time for the speed controller. Smaller values provide introducing instability. For best dynamic performance, the value shows the notion of motor of the speed motor control mode, this parameter defines the maximum current or torque limit used by the proposed motor control mode, this parameter defines the maximum current or torque limit used by the proposed motor control mode, this parameter defines the maximum current or torque limit used by the proposed motor control mode, this parameter defines the maximum current or torque limit used by the proposed motor of t	required dynamic behaviour is achieved with little or no overshoot where the output sp. In general, the factory set value will be suitable for most fan and pump applications, h. proportional gain, and high inertia, low friction loads may require the gain to be reduced to the speed Controller Integral Time Constant O.010 Sets the integral time for the speed controller. Smaller values provide a faster response introducing instability. For best dynamic performance, the value should be adjusted to so the value instability. For best dynamic performance, the value should be adjusted to so the value of the value of the value should be adjusted to so the value of the	required dynamic behaviour is achieved with little or no overshoot where the output speed exceeds the In general, the factory set value will be suitable for most fan and pump applications, higher friction load proportional gain, and high inertia, low friction loads may require the gain to be reduced. Vector Speed Controller Integral Time Constant O.010 Sets the integral time for the speed controller. Smaller values provide a faster response in reaction to mote introducing instability. For best dynamic performance, the value should be adjusted to suit the connected load of the load of the connected load of the load o	Vector Speed Controller Integral Time Constant O.010 Sets the integral time for the speed controller. Smaller values provide a faster response in reaction to motor load changes, introducing instability. For best dynamic performance, the value should be adjusted to suit the connected load. Motor Power Factor Cos Ø O.00 O.99 When operating in Vector Speed motor control mode, this parameter must be set to the motor nameplate power factor. Maximum Torque / Current Limit O.0 This parameter defines the maximum current or torque limit used by the drive. Thermal Overload Retention O: Disabled. 1: Enabled. All Optidrives feature electronic thermal overload protection for the connected motor, designed to prote against damage. An internal overload accumulator monitors the motor output current over time, and will trip the drive if exceeds the thermal limit. When P4-12 is disabled, removing the power supply from the drive and re-applying will reset accumulator. When P4-12 is enabled, the value is retained during power off. Output Phase Sequence O: U,V,W. 1: U,W,V. Direction of motor rotation when operating in a forward direction will be reversed. Thermal Overload Reaction O: Trip. When the overload accumulator reaches the limit, the drive will trip on It.trp to prevent damage to the motor. 1: Current Limit Reduction. When the overload accumulator reaches 90% of, the output current limit is internally in the current limit i				

9.4. Parameter Group 5 – Communication Parameters

Par.	Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P5-01	Drive Fieldbus Address	1	63	1	-				
	Sets the Fieldbus address for the Optidrive. When using Modbus RTU, this parameter sets the Node Address. Refer to section 10.2. Modbus RTU Communications for further information. Please note that if a higher Modbus address than 63 is required, P5-16 can be used – see P5-16 for further information. This parameter also determines the Optibus address of the drive for use with OptiTools Studio. When Using BACnet MS/TP, this parameter sets the MAC ID. Refer to section 10.3. BACnet MSTP for further information.								
P5-03	Modbus RTU / BACnet MSTP Baud Rate	9.6	115.2	115.2	kbps				
	Sets the baud rate when Modbus/BACnet communications are used. 9.6kbps, 19.2kpbs, 38.4kpbs, 57.6kpbs, 115 kbps, 76.8kbps.								
P5-04	Modbus RTU / BACnet MSTP Data Format	-	-	n- I	-				
	Sets the expected Modbus telegram data format as follows: n-1: No Parity, 1 stop bit. n-2: No parity, 2 stop bits. D-1: Odd parity, 1 stop bit. E-1: Even parity, 1 stop bit.								
P5-05	Communications Loss Timeout	0.0	5.0	1.0	Seconds				
	Sets the watchdog time period for the communications channel. If a valid telegram is not received by the Optidrive within this time period, the drive will assume a loss of communications has occurred and react as selected below (P5-07).								
P5-06	Communications Loss Action	0	3	0	-				
	Controls the behaviour of the drive following a loss of communications as determined by the above parameter setting (P5-06). O: Trip & Coast To Stop 1: Ramp to Stop Then Trip 2: Ramp to Stop Only (No Trip) 3: Run at Preset Speed 4								

	Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P5-07	Fieldbus Ramp Control	0	1	0	-		
	Selects whether the acceleration and deceleration ramps are control and P1-04. O: Disabled. Ramps are control from internal drive parameters. 1: Enabled. Ramps are controlled directly by the Fieldbus.	ol directly via the F	ieldbus, or by inte	rnal drive param	neters P1-03		
P5-08	Fieldbus PDO4 Data Select	0	7	1	-		
	When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the drive to the network master during cyclic communications: 0: Motor torque. Output power in kW to one decimal place, et al.: Motor power. Output power in kW to two decimal places, 2: Digital input status. Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%. 4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C. 5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28.	e.g. 500 = 50.0%. e.g. 400 = 4.00kV 1 indicates digital	V.	rocess data woi	d transferred		
P5-09	BACnet Device Instance Number (Low)	0	65535	0	-		
P5-10	BACnet Device Instance Number (High)	0	63	0	-		
	When using BACNet MS/TP, these parameter together allow a un further information on using BACnet MS/TP, refer to section 10.3. B		ce Number to be	programmed int	o the drive. F		
P5-11	BACnet Maximum Masters	0	127	127	-		
	section 10.3. BACnet MSTP for further information. When the device is polling for the next master in the network it will r to 50 then when the drive finishes communicating and needs to pas response before rolling back to address 0.						
P5-12	Fieldbus PDO-3 Data Select	0	7	0	-		
	 0: Motor current. With one decimal place, e.g. 100. 1: Motor power. Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 400 = 4.00kW. 2: Digital input status. Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 1 indicates digital input 2 status etc. 3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%. 4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C. 5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 9 parameters. 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 9 parameters. 						
	 3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%. 4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C. 5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group. 	o 9 parameters.					
P5-13	3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%. 4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C. 5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28.	o 9 parameters.	1	0	-		
P5-13	 3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%. 4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C. 5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group. 	o 9 parameters. o 9 parameters. o 9 parameters. o 9 parameters.	-		- rd transferred		
	3: Analog input 2 signal level. O to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%. 4: Heatsink temperature. O to 100 = 0 to 100°C. 5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28. Fieldbus PDI-4 Function Select When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications: 0: User ramp time. In second with two decimal places.	o 9 parameters. o 9 parameters. o 9 parameters. o 9 parameters.	-		- d transferred		
	3: Analog input 2 signal level. O to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%. 4: Heatsink temperature. O to 100 = 0 to 100°C. 5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28. Fieldbus PDI-4 Function Select When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications: 0: User ramp time. In second with two decimal places. 1: User Register 4. Can be accessed by PLC program or group	o 9 parameters.	ource for the 4th p	rocess data wor	-		
P5-14	3: Analog input 2 signal level. O to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%. 4: Heatsink temperature. O to 100 = 0 to 100°C. 5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28. Fieldbus PDI-4 Function Select When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications: 0: User ramp time. In second with two decimal places. 1: User Register 4. Can be accessed by PLC program or group Fieldbus PDI-3 Function Select When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications: 0: Not used. No function. 1: User Reference. O to 1000 = 0% to 100.0%.	o 9 parameters.	ource for the 4th p	rocess data wor	-		
P5-14	3: Analog input 2 signal level. O to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%. 4: Heatsink temperature. O to 100 = 0 to 100°C. 5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28. Fieldbus PDI-4 Function Select When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications: 0: User ramp time. In second with two decimal places. 1: User Register 4. Can be accessed by PLC program or group Fieldbus PDI-3 Function Select When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications: 0: Not used. No function. 1: User Reference. O to 1000 = 0% to 100.0%. 2: User Register 3. Can be accessed by PLC program or group of the prog	o 9 parameters.	ource for the 4th p 2 ource for the 3rd p	oprocess data wo	chr		
P5-13 P5-14 P5-15	3: Analog input 2 signal level. 0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%. 4: Heatsink temperature. 0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C. 5: User register 1. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 6: User register 2. Can be accessed by PLC program or group 7: PO-80 value. PO-80 value can be selected by P6-28. Fieldbus PDI-4 Function Select When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications: 0: User ramp time. In second with two decimal places. 1: User Register 4. Can be accessed by PLC program or group Fieldbus PDI-3 Function Select When using an optional Fieldbus interface, this parameter configure from the network master to the drive during cyclic communications: 0: Not used. No function. 1: User Reference. 0 to 1000 = 0% to 100.0%. 2: User Register 3. Can be accessed by PLC program or group Modbus Response Delay Allows the user to configure an additional delay between the drive reply. The value entered represents the delay in addition to the minim	o 9 parameters.	ource for the 4th p 2 ource for the 3rd p	oprocess data wo	chr		

9.5. Advanced Parameters

For Advanced Parameters, basic information only is provided in this guide. The parameter functions are described more fully in Optitools Studio PC software.

9.5.1. Parameter Group 6 - Advanced Configuration

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
P6-01	Firmware Upgrade Enable	0	Disabled	0	This parameter should not be
		1	Update I/O & P/S		adjusted by the user.
		2	Update I/O		
		3	Update P/S		
P6-02	Thermal Overload Management	4 -	- 32kHz (Model Dependent)	4 kHz	Minimum Effective Switching Frequency.
P6-03	Auto Reset Time Delay	1 -	- 60 Seconds	20s	
P6-04	Relay Output Hysteresis	0.0) – 25.0%	0.3%	
P6-08	Max Speed Reference Frequency	0 -	- 20kHz	0 kHz	
P6-10	Function Block Program Enable	0	Disabled	0	
		1	Enabled		
P6-11	Speed Hold Time on Enable	0 -	- 600s	Os	
P6-12	Speed Hold / DC Injection Time on Disable	0 -	- 250s	Os	
P6-18	DC Injection Current	0.0) – 100.0%	0.0%	This function is active only for Induction Motors (IM) and Synchronous Reluctance Motor (SyncRM).
P6-22	Reset Fan Run Time	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-23	Reset Energy Meters	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-24	Maintenance Time Interval	0 -	- 60000 Hours	0 Hours	
P6-25	Reset Maintenance Indicator	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-26	Analog Output 1 Scaling	0.0) – 500.0%	100.0%	
P6-27	Analog Output 1 Offset	-50	00.0 – 500.0%	0.0%	
P6-28	PO-80 Display Index	0 -	255	0	
P6-29	User Default Parameters	0	No Function	0	
		1	Save user parameters		
		2	Clear user parameters		
P6-30	Level 3 (Advanced) Access Code	0 -	- 9999	201	

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9.5.2. Parameter Group 7 - Motor Control

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes		
P7-01	Motor Stator Resistance	0.0	00 – 65.535	Drive	Motor data, measured or calculated curing the autotune. P7-04 is not used for PM & BLDC Motors. P7-06 is used only for PM motors.		
P7-03	Motor Stator Inductance (d)	0.0	000 – 1.0000	Dependent			
P7-04	Magnetising Current (id)	Driv	ve Dependent				
P7-05	Motor Leakage Coefficient (Sigma)	0.0	00 – 0.250				
P7-06	Motor Q Axis Inuctance (Lsq)	0.0	000 – 1.0000				
P7-09	Over Voltage Current Limit	0.0	- 100.0%	5.0%			
P7-10	Load Inertia Constant	0 - 600		10			
P <i>7</i> -11	Pulse Width Minimum Limit	0 - 500					
P7-12	V/F Mode Magnetising Delay Time	0 – 5000ms		Drive Dependent	Sets the motor magnetising period in V/F Mode. Sets the motor alignment time in PM modes.		
P7-14	Low Frequency Torque Boost	0.0 - 100.0%		0.0%	For PM Motors, applies a torque boost current at low frequency, % x P1-08.		
P7-15	Torque Boost Frequency Limit	0.0	- 50.0%	0.0%	For PM motors, determines the frequency, % x P1-09 when the boost current is removed.		
P7-18	Over Modulation	0	Disable	- 0			
		1	Enable	Ŭ			
P7-19	BLDC Light Load Optimization	0	Disable		When P4-01 = 4 (BLDC control) and P7-19 = 1 (Enable) the drive will reduce the output voltage during light load operation in order to improve		
		1	Enable		motor efficiency. This setting has no effect if the motor is driven close to its nominal current, where the nominal flux level will be applied.		
P7-20	Modulation Mode	0	3-Phase Modulation 2-Phase Modulation	0			

9.6. Parameter Group 8 – Application Function Specific Parameters

Par.	Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P8-01	Pump Stir Interval Duration	0	60000	0	Minutes				
	This parameter can be used to set a pre-defined period of inactivity, whereby if the drive remains in standby mode for a period of time exceeding the limit, stir function is activated, and the drive will operate at preset speed 7 (P2-07) for the time set in P8-02. This allows the pump to stir, preventing sediment from settling and avoiding a blockage.								
P8-02	Pump Stir Activation Time	1	6000	10	Seconds				
	Set the time period that the stir function will be active once triggered (excludes time for deceleration to stop).								
P8-03	Pump Clean Function Select	0	3	-	-				
	pump clean will operate the pump at preset speed 5 (P2-05) for the time period set in P8-04, followed by Preset Speed 6 (P2-06) (Providing P2-06 < 0) for the time set in P8-04, before resuming normal operation. During the cleaning cycle, the ramp time set in P8-05 is used for both acceleration and deceleration, and overrides P1-03 and P1-04. Where possible, P2-05 and P2-06 may be set to negative values, to allow the pump to be reversed. For best results, it is recommended to use as high a speed as possible, and to adjust P8-05 to allow a short acceleration time whilst avoiding over current trips. O: Disabled. 1: Active on start-up only. The pump cleaning function operates every time the pump is started. 2: Active on start-up and high current detection. The pump cleaning function operates every time the pump is started, and also in the event that the drive detects a possible pump blockage during normal operation. This requires the Motor Current Profile Monitoring function to be active and commissioned for correct operation, see parameter P8-06. 3: Active on high current detection only. The pump cleaning function operates only when a possible pump blockage is detected during normal operation. This requires the Motor Current Profile Monitoring function to be active and commissioned for correct operation, see parameter P8-06. NOTE The pump clean function can also be activated by digital input configured in group 9 parameters.								
P8-04	Pump Clean Time	0	600	0	Seconds				
	Sets the time period for the operation of the pump cleaning cycle. When bi-directional pump cleaning is selected, the time interval is used twice, once in each direction.								
P8-05	Pump Clean Function Ramp Time	0	6000	30	Seconds				
	Independent ramp rate used only for the pump automatic cleaning cleaning cycle.	unction (see P8-C	3) when the moto	or is Accelerated	as part of the				

Par.	Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P8-06	Load Monitor Enable	0	4	0	-				
	This parameter enables the Total Motor Current Profile Monitoring Frapplications, or Dry Pump, Pump Blockage or broken impeller in Pum O: Disabled 1: Low Current Detection Enabled (Belt Failure / Dry P 2: High Current Detection Enabled (Pump Blockage) 3: Low and High Current Detection 4: Low and High Current Detection, warning only. Bit 7 being detected but the drive will not trip.	ump / Broken	a Impeller) d goes high in the	event of a high (or low current				
Ţ.	Adjustment of parameter P8-06 (<>0) will cause the drive to automoupon the next drive enable (input enable). Ensure the application is if frequency range prior to enabling this feature.								
P8-07	Load Profile Bandwidth	0.1	50.0	1.0	Amps				
	This parameter sets a bandwidth around the Motor Current profile generated by P8-06. If P8-06 has been set to an appropriate value to detect a high /low current condition and the drive operates outside of the bandwidth set in P8-07 for a period longer than that defined by P8-08 then the drive will trip. Value entered in P8-07 is the value between the normal current and the trip level, hence total bandwidth for the function is 2 x P8-07.								
P8-08	Load Monitor Trip Delay	0	60	0	Seconds				
	This parameter sets a time limit for the Motor Current profile generated by P8-06. If P8-06 has been set to an appropriate value to detect a high /low current condition and the drive operates outside of the bandwidth set in P8-07 for a period longer than that defined by P8-08 and then the drive will trip.								
P8-09	Fire Mode Logic	0	1	0	-				
	or normally closed activation. Default behaviour is for Input logic off (0) to activate fire mode (Open activation). Input configuration for Fire mode is set by parameter P1-13 or can be user defined by the setting of P9-32. O: Open Activation 1: Closed Activation								
P8-10	Fire Mode Speed	-P1-01	P1-01	5	Hz / Rpm				
	When set to a non-zero value, this parameter sets an operational fixed frequency / speed used when Fire Mode is selected. The drive will maintain operation at this frequency until the fire mode signal is removed or the drive is no longer able to sustain operation. When P8-10 is zero, and fire mode is activated, the drive will continue to operate under the control of the selected speed reference, dependent on parameter settings and digital input selection.								
P8-11	Bypass Mode on Fault	0	1	0	-				
	Parameter configures the drive to switch to bypass mode automaticall relays 1 and 2 are dedicated to bypass control and cannot be assign 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled			Vhen enabled the	e drive standard				
P8-12	Bypass In Fire Mode	0	1	0	-				
	Parameter configures the drive to switch to bypass mode automaticall and that input becomes active. When enabled the drive standard rela assigned other functions. 0: Disabled 1: Enabled								
P8-13	Bypass Contactor Change Over Time	0	30	2	Seconds				
	Parameter active when Bypass function is enabled. Parameter P8-05 drive relays controlling the bypass circuitry.	sets a time delay (or changeover tim	ie between the sv	vitching of the				
<u>^</u>	Care must be taken when setting P8-13 to ensure that drive and DO Mechanical and Electrical interlocking of drive and DO in configuring the Bypass function.								

•	

Par.	Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units					
P8-14	Pump Staging Function Select	0	5	0	-					
	Parameter enables the pump staging (cascade) function on the drive. 0: Disabled 1: Single VFD with DOL Cascade (max 4 DOL pumps) 2: Multiple Drive Cascade (Optiflow) Master Drive. (On 3: Multiple Drive Cascade with Jockey Pump (Optiflow) address, P5-01 = 1) In this instance, the Master drive (with address P5 the pump rotation ordinarily used for the purpose of sharing operating 4: Multiple Drive Cascade Mode 2 (Optiflow) Master Dr = 1) This mode is similar to mode 2 but the settling time works different waking up from PID Standby mode.	. Master Drive (C 5-01 = 1) will remo hours across all p ive. (Only valid vali	Only valid when dr iin active and will oumps. when drive set to G ent multiple motor	ive set to Optibu not be switched Optibus master c s starting simulta	off to support address, P5-01 uneously when					
	master address, P5-01 = 1) This mode is the same as mode 3 except	5: Multiple Drive Cascade with Jockey Pump Mode 2 (Optiflow) Master Drive. (Only valid when drive set to Optibus master address, P5-01 = 1) This mode is the same as mode 3 except that when an assist pump starts, the lead pump (jockey pump) will stop. When the assist pump goes into standby mode, the lead pump (jockey pump) will start again.								
P8-15	Number of Assist Pumps	1	4	1	-					
	Parameter valid when P8-14 is set to 1 or 2 to enable Pump Staging Function. P8-15 set the number of assist pumps (P8-14 = 1) or network slave drives (P8-14 = 2) that are available in the Pump Staging application. Setting the value to 0 disables Pump Staging.									
P8-16	Pump Duty Changeover Time	0	1000	0	Hours					
	In order to balance run time (duty) on each pump in the Pump staging application and to ensure periodic operation of each pump P8-16 can be set with a time limit for pump switch over. When set to a value other than 0 (disabled) the operation of each staging pump will be cycled to ensure the difference in duty between each pump does not exceed the time set in P8-16.									
P8-17	Assist Pump Start Speed	P8-18	P1-01	49.0	Hz / Rpm					
	This parameter defines the speed at which an "Assist" Pump is started when using the Pump Cascade or Optiflow feature. When the drive output increases beyond this threshold the next Staging pump is switch on. The Pump staging settle time must then expire before additional staging pumps can be brought on or off line. Priority for Staging pump switch on is always given to the pump with lowest run time accumulated.									
P8-18	Assist Pump Stop Speed	0	P8-17	30.0	Hz / Rpm					
	This parameter defines the speed at which an "Assist" Pump is stopped when using the Pump Cascade or Optiflow feature. When the drive output decreases below this threshold one of the Staging pumps currently operating is switch off. The Pump staging settle time must then expire before additional staging pumps can be brought on or off line. Priority for Staging pump switch off is always given to the pump with highest run time accumulated.									
P8-19	Pump Settling Time	2	600	60	Seconds					
	Parameter sets a time delay for pump staging whereby, following switch in or switch out of a staging pump, further pumps are not permitted to be switched in or out until this time period has elapsed. This parameter should be set to allow adequate settle time between staging pump transitions.									
P8-20	Pump Master Clock Reset	0	1	0	-					
	Master drive in pump staging monitors and maintains duty run times for PO-20. P8-20 provides the master reset to all run time clocks used for	or all available sta Pump Staging Fur	ging pumps. All cl action (all clocks se	ocks are availab	ole to view in					

9.7. Fire Mode

The Fire Mode function is designed to ensure continuous operation of the drive in emergency conditions until the drive is no longer capable of sustaining operation.

The Fire Mode input may be Normally Open (Close to Activate Fire Mode) or Normally Closed (Open to Activate Fire Mode) according to the setting of P8-09. This input may be linked to a fire control system to allow maintained operation in emergency conditions, e.g. to clear smoke or maintain air quality within the building. The fire mode function is enabled when P1-13 = 4, 8 or 13 with Digital Input 2 assigned to activate fire mode or can be user defined by the setting of P9-32 when P1-13 = 0.

Fire Mode disables the following protection features in the drive: O-t (Heat-sink Over-Temperature), U-t (Drive Under Temperature), Th-FLt (Faulty Thermistor on Heat-sink), E-trip (External Trip), 4-20 F (4-20mA fault), Ph-Ib (Phase Imbalance), P-Loss (Input Phase Loss Trip), SC-trp (Communications Loss Trip), 1.t-trp (Accumulated overload Trip). The following faults will result in a drive trip, auto reset and restart: O-Volt (Over Voltage on DC Bus), U-Volt (Under Voltage on DC Bus), h O-I (Fast Over-current Trip), O-I (Instantaneous over current on drive output), Out-F (Drive output fault, Output stage trip).

When Fire Mode is activated, the drive will enter Fire Mode but will run from the existing control source selected – it will require the run signal and relevant speed reference.

If Fire Mode speed is set (<>0) in P8-10, when fire mode is activated, the drive will enter Fire Mode and run at the speed set in P8-10 and will ignore all other terminals with the exception of the STO.

9.8. Parameter Group 9 – User Inputs and Output Programming

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
P9-01	Enable Input Source	The			the source of the various command points.
P9-02	Fast Stop Input Source	Par	ameters are only adjustable if P1-13	3 = 0. This c	allows complete flexibility over the drive control
P9-03	Run Forward Input Source] tun	ctions, and interaction with the interr	nal Function	Block programming environment.
P9-04	Run Reverse Input Source	1			
P9-05	Latch Function Enable	0	OFF	0	
P 9-03	Laich Folichon Lhable	1	ON		
P9-06	Reverse Input Source	+-	e above		
P9-07	Reset Input Source	1 266	above		
P9-08	External Trip Input Source	-			
P9-09	Terminal Control Select Source	1			
P9-10	Speed Reference Source 1	ln c	combination with PO 18 PO 20 al	lovy soloctic	on of several speed reference sources for common
P9-10	Speed Reference Source 2		olications. $0.0000000000000000000000000000000000$	iow selectic	on or several speed reference sources for common
P9-12	Speed Reference Source 3	1			
P9-13	Speed Reference Source 4	1			
P9-14	Speed Reference Source 5	1			
P9-15	Speed Reference Source 6	1			
P9-16	Speed Reference Source 7				
P9-10	Speed Reference Source 8	1			
P9-17	Speed Reference Select Input 0	Sor	above		
P9-19	Speed Reference Select Input 1	1 266	above		
P9-20	Speed Reference Select Input 2	1			
P9-21	Preset Speed Select Input 0	1			
P9-21	Preset Speed Select Input 1	1			
P9-23	Preset Speed Select Input 2	-			
P9-28	Motorised Pot Up Input Source				
P9-29	Motorised Pot Down Inpt Source	-			
P9-32	Fire Mode Input Select	1			
P9-33	Analog Output 1 Source	0	Defined by P2-11	0	These parameters allow the user to overdide
1 7-00	Allalog Olipoi i Source	1	Function block program - digital		the normal parameter control source for the
		2	Function block program - analog		associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
P9-34	Analog Output 2 Source	0	Defined by P2-13	0	environment.
1 / 04	7 filalog Colpor 2 ocorec	1	Function block program - digital		
		2	Function block program - analog		
P9-35	Relay 1 Control Source	0	Defined by P2-15	0	-
1 7-03	Reidy i Collifor Source	1	Function block program - digital		
P9-36	Relay 2 Control Source	0	Defined by P2-18	0	_
1700	Relay 2 Collifor Source	1	Function block program - digital		
P9-37	Display Scaling Source Control	0	Defined by P2-21	0	-
. , 0,	Bisplay ocaling cooled collion	1	Function block program - digital		
P9-38	PID Reference Source	0	Defined by P3-05	0	-
. , 55	TID Reference doubtee	1	Function block program - digital		
P9-39	PID Feedback Source	0	Defined by P3-10	0	-
	The recapacit cooles	1	Function block program - digital		
P9-41	Relay 3,4,5 Function	0	Healthy: Tripped: Running	0	-
		1	Function block program - digital		
P9-42	Clean Trigger Source (edge)	<u> </u>	. soo. s.ook program alignar		1
P9-43	Bypass Mode Trigger Source	1			
P9-44	PID Second Digital Ref Select	1			
1 7-44	TID DECOMA DIGNAL REL DELECT				

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9.9. Parameter Group 0 - Monitoring Parameters (Read Only)

Parameter Name	Units
Analog Input 1 Value	%
Displays the signal level applied to analog input 1 (Terminal 6) after scaling and offsets have been applied.	
Analog Input 2 Value	%
Displays the signal level applied to analog input 2 (Terminal 10) after scaling and offsets have been applied.	
Digital Input Status	Binary
Displays the status of the drive inputs, including the extended I/O module (if fitted). 1 st Entry: 00000 11111. Drive digital Input status. MSB represents digital input 1 / LSB representing digital input 5. 2nd Entry: E 000 E 111. Drive Extended (option) Input status. MSB represents digital input 6 / LSB representing dig	
Speed Controller Reference	Hz / Rpm
Displays the set point reference input applied to the drive internal speed controller.	
Digital Speed Reference	Hz / Rpn
Displays the value of the drive internal Motorised Pot (used for keypad) speed reference.	
Fieldbus Speed Reference	Hz / Rpn
Displays the set-point being received by the drive from the currently active Fieldbus interface.	
PID Reference	%
Displays the set-point input to the PID controller.	
PID Feedback	%
Displays the Feedback input signal to the PID controller.	
PID Output	%
Displays the output level of the PID controller.	
Motor Voltage	Volts
Displays the instantaneous output voltage from the drive to the motor.	
Output Torque	Nm
Displays the instantaneous output torque level produced by the motor.	
Trip Log	%
Displays the last four fault codes for the drive. Refer to section 12.1. Fault Messages for further information.	<u> </u>
Magnetising Current (Id)	Amps
Displays the motor magnetising Current, providing an auto tune has been successfully completed.	<u> </u>
DC Bus Voltage Ripple	Volts
Displays the level of ripple present on the DC Bus Voltage. This parameter is used by the Optidrive for various international functions.	al protection and
Motor Stator Resistance (Rs)	Ohms
Displays the measured motor stator resistance, providing an auto tune has been successfully completed.	
Cascade Run Time Log	Hours
Run Time values for variable speed and DOL pumps used in cascade function. 5 entry log. 0 = Master, 1 = DOL1, 2 = DOL2, 3 = DOL3, 4 = DOL4. Clocks can be reset through P8-20, Master Clock Reset.	
DC Bus Voltage	Volts
Displays the instantaneous DC Bus Voltage internally within the drive.	
Heatsink Temperature	°C
Displays the Instantaneous Heatsink Temperature measured by the drive.	
	Analog Input 1 Value Displays the signal level applied to analog input 1 (Terminal 6) after scaling and offsets have been applied. Analog Input 2 Value Displays the signal level applied to analog input 2 (Terminal 10) after scaling and offsets have been applied. Displays the signal level applied to analog input 2 (Terminal 10) after scaling and offsets have been applied. Displays the status of the drive inputs, including the extended I/O madule (if fitted). 1st Entry: 00000 11111. Drive digital Input status. MSB represents digital input 1 / ISB representing digital input 5. 2nd Entry: E 000 E 1111. Drive digital Input status. MSB represents digital input 6 / ISB representing digital input 5. 2nd Entry: E 000 E 1111. Drive digital Input status. MSB represents digital input 6 / ISB representing digital input 5. 2nd Entry: E 000 E 1111. Drive digital Input status. MSB represents digital input 6 / ISB representing digital input 5. 2nd Entry: E 000 E 1111. Drive digital Input status. MSB represents digital input 6 / ISB representing digital input 5. 2nd Entry: E 000 E 1111. Drive digital Input status. MSB represents digital input 6 / ISB representing digital input 5. 2nd Entry: E 000 E 1111. Drive digital Input status. MSB represents digital input 6 / ISB representing digital input 5. 2plays the set point reference Displays the set point reference input applied to the drive internal speed controller. PID Redback Displays the set-point input to the PID controller. PID Cutput Displays the instantaneous output voltage from the drive to the motor. Output Torque Displays the instantaneous output voltage from the drive to the motor. Trip Log Displays the last four fault codes for the drive. Refer to section 12.1. Fault Messages for further information. Magnetising Current (Id) Displays the motor magnetising Current, providing an auto tune has been successfully completed. DC Bus Voltage Ripple Displays the measured motor statar resistance, providing an auto tune has bee

Par.	Parameter Name	Units
P0-23	Time Heatsink >85°C	HH:MM:SS
	Two entry display: First display shows hours. Second display shows minutes and seconds. Displays the amount of time in hours and minutes that the Optidrive has operated for during its lifetime with a heatsink t excess of 80°C. This parameter is used by the Optidrive for various internal protection and monitoring functions.	emperature in
PO-24	Time Internal >80°C	HH:MM:SS
	Two entry display: First display shows hours. Second display shows minutes and seconds.	
	Displays the amount of time in hours and minutes that the Optidrive has operated for during its lifetime with an ambient excess of 80°C. This parameter is used by the Optidrive for various internal protection and monitoring functions.	temperature in
P0-25	Estimated Rotor Speed	Hz
	Displays the estimated rotor speed of the motor.	
P0-26	kWh Meter	kWh
	Two entry display: First display shows user resettable meter (reset with P6-23). Second display shows none resettable Displays the amount of energy consumed by the drive in kWh. When the value reaches 1000, it is reset back to 0.0, c P0-27 (MWh meter) is increased.	
P0-27	MWh Meter	MWh
	Two entry display: First display shows user resettable meter (reset with P6-23). Second display shows none resettable Displays the amount of energy consumed by the drive in MWh.	value.
PO-28	Software Version	-
	Displays the software version of the drive: Four entry display: First display = 10 Version, Second display = 10 Checksum, Third display = DSP Version, Fourth display = DSP Checksum	m
P0-29	Drive Type	-
	Displays the type details of the drive: Three entry display: First display = Frame size and input voltage level. Second display = Power rating. Third display = Output phase count.	
PO-30	Drive Serial Number	-
	Displays the unique serial number of the drive. Dual entry display: First display = Serial number (MSB), Second display = Serial number (LMSB).	
PO-31	Total Run Time	HH:MM:SS
	Two entry display: First display shows hours. Second display shows minutes and seconds. Displays the total operating time of the drive.	
P0-32	Run Time Since Last Trip 1	HH:MM:S
	Two entry display: First display shows hours. Second display shows minutes and seconds. Displays the total operating time of the drive since the last fault occurred. Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or next enable only if a trip occurred. Reset also on next enable after a drive power down.	trip), reset on
PO-33	Run Time Since Last Trip 2	HH:MM:SS
	Two entry display: First display shows hours. Second display shows minutes and seconds. Displays the total operating time of the drive since the last fault occurred. Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or next enable only if a trip occurred (under-volts not considered a trip) – not reset by power down / power up cycling occurred prior to power down.	trip), reset on unless a trip
PO-34	Run Time Since Last Enable	HH:MM:SS
	Two entry display: First display shows hours. Second display shows minutes and seconds. Displays the total operating time of the drive since the last Run command was received.	
P0-35	Cooling Fan Operating Lifetime	HH:MM:S
	Displays the total operating time of the Optidrive internal cooling fans. Two entry display: First display shows user resettable time (reset with P6-22). Second display shows none resettable ti This is used for scheduled maintenance information.	me.

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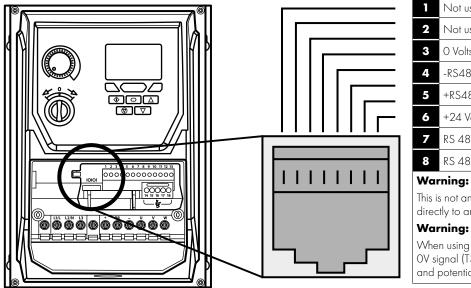
Par.	Parameter Name	Units					
P0-36	DC Bus Voltage Log (256ms)						
	Diagnostic log for DC bus voltage. Values logged every 256mS with 8 samples total. Logging suspended on drive trip).					
PO-37	DC Bus Voltage Ripple Log (20ms)	-					
	Diagnostic log for DC bus voltage ripple. Values logged every 20mS with 8 samples total. Logging suspended on driv	ve trip.					
PO-38	Heatsink Temperature Log (30s)	-					
	Diagnostic log for heatsink temperature. Values logged every 30S with 8 samples total. Logging suspended on drive to	ip.					
P0-39	Internal Temperature Log (30s)	-					
	Diagnostic log for drive ambient temperature. Values logged every 30S with 8 samples total. Logging suspended on a	drive trip.					
PO-40	Motor Current Log (256ms)	-					
	Diagnostic log for Motor Current. Values logged every 256mS with 8 samples total. Logging suspended on drive trip.						
	e above parameters (PO-36 to PO-40) are used to store the history of various measured levels within the drive at various rior to a trip. The values are frozen when a fault occurs and can be used for diagnostic purposes.	regular time					
PO-41	Over Current Fault Counter	-					
P0-42	Over Voltage Fault Counter	-					
P0-43	Under Voltage Fault Counter	-					
PO-44	Heatsink Over Temperature Fault Counter	-					
PO-45	Reserved	-					
P0-46	Ambient Over Temperature Fault Counter	-					
NOTE Th lifetime. Th	ese parameters (PO-41 to PO-46) contain a record of how many times certain critical faults have occurred during a drive is provides useful diagnostic data.	s operating					
PO-47	I/O Comms Fault Counter	-					
	Displays the number of communication errors detected by the I/O processor in messages received from the power sta since the last power up.	ge processor					
PO-48	DSP Comms Fault Counter	-					
	Displays the number of communication errors detected by the Power Stage processor in messages received from the 1, since the last power up.	O processor					
P0-49	Modbus RTU / BACnet MSTP Fault Counter	-					
	This parameter is incremented every time an error occurs on the Modbus RTU communication link. This information can diagnostic purposes.	be used for					

10. Serial Communications

10.1. RS-485 Communications

Optidrive Eco has an RJ45 connector located within the wiring enclosure of the drive. This connector allows the user to set up a drive network via a wired connection. The connector contains two independent RS485 connections, one for Invertek's Optibus Protocol and one for Modbus RTU / BACnet MSTP. Both connections can be used simultaneously.

The electrical signal arrangement of the RJ45 connector is shown as follows:



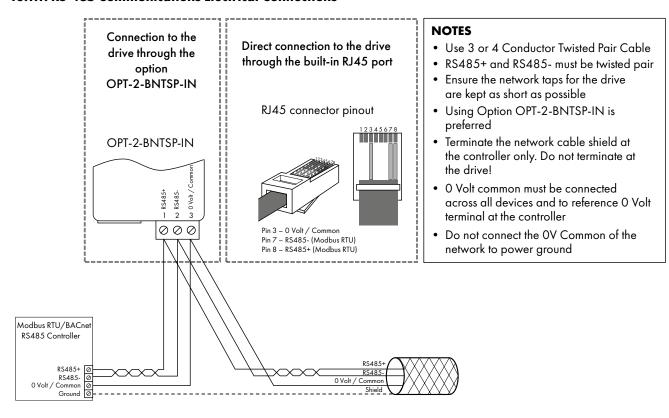
- Not used Not used 0 Volts -RS485 (PC) +RS485 (PC) +24 Volt
- RS 485- Modbus RTU / BACnet MSTP
 - RS 485+ Modbus RTU / BACnet MSTP

This is not an Ethernet connection. Do not connect directly to an Ethernet port.

When using Modbus RTU or BACnet, ensure that the OV signal (T3) is also used to avoid comms errors and potentially damaging common mode voltages.

- The Optibus data link is only used for connection of Invertek peripherals and inter-drive communication.
- The Modbus interface allows connection to a Modbus RTU network as described in section 10.2. Modbus RTU Communications.

10.1.1. RS-485 Communications Electrical Connections



Modbus RTU and BACnet MSTP connection should be made via the RJ45 connector. The pin assignments are as shown in section 11.1. RS-485 communications.

- Modbus RTU and BACnet MSTP networks require three conductors for best operation and to eliminate common mode voltages on the drive terminals:
 - o RSR85+
 - o RS485-
 - o O Volt Common
- Connection should be made using a suitable dual twisted pair, shielded cable, with a wave impedance of 120R.
- Use one of the twisted pairs to connect to the RS485+ and RS485- of each drive.
- Use one conductor of the remaining pair to connect together all the 0 volt common connection terminals.
- The cable shield should be connected to a suitable clean ground point to prevent interference with the screen maintained as close as possible to the cable terminations.
- Do not connect the O Volt Common, RS485- or RS485+ to ground at any point.
- Network terminating resistor (120R) should be used at the end of the network to reduce noise.

10.2. Modbus RTU Communications

10.2.1. Modbus Telegram Structure

The Optidrive Eco supports Master / Slave Modbus RTU communications, using the 03 Read Multiple Holding Registers and 06 Write Single Holding Register commands and 16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only). Many Master devices treat the first Register address as Register O; therefore it may be necessary to convert the Register Numbers detail in section 10.2.2 by subtracting 1 to obtain the correct Register address.

10.2.2. Modbus Control & Monitoring Registers

The following is a list of accessible Modbus Registers available in the Optidrive Eco.

- When Modbus RTU is configured as the Fieldbus option, all of the listed registers can be accessed.
- Registers 1 and 2 can be used to control the drive providing that Modbus RTU is selected as the primary command source (P1-12 = 4) and no Fieldbus Option Module is installed in the drive Option Slot.
- Register 4 can be used to control the acceleration and deceleration rate of the drive providing that Fieldbus Ramp Control is enabled (P5-07 = 1).
- Registers 6 to 24 can be read regardless of the setting of P1-12.

Register Number	Upper Byte	Lower Byte	Read Write	Notes	
1	Command Control Word		R/W	Command control word used to control the Optidrive when operating with Modbus RTU. The Control Word bit functions are as follows: Bit 0: Run/Stop command. Set to 1 to enable the drive. Set to 0 to stop the drive. Bit 1: Fast stop request. Set to 1 to enable drive to stop with 2nd deceleration ramp. Bit 2: Reset request. Set to 1 in order to reset any active faults or trips on the drive. This bit must be reset to zero once the fault has been cleared. Bit 3: Coast stop request. Set to 1 to issue a coast stop command.	
2	Command Speed Reference		R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in Hz to one decimal place, e.g. 500 = 50.0Hz.	
3	Reserved		R/W	No Function.	
4	Command Ramp times		R/W	This register specifies the drive acceleration and deceleration ramp times used when Fieldbus Ramp Control is selected (P5-08 = 1) irrespective of the setting of P1-12. The input data range is from 0 to 60000 (0.00s to 600.00s).	

Register Number	Upper Byte	Lower Byte	Read Write	Notes
6	Error code	Drive status	R	This register contains 2 bytes. The Lower Byte contains an 8 bit drive status word as follows: Bit 0: 0 = Drive Disabled (Stopped), 1 = Drive Enabled (Running). Bit 1: 0 = Drive Healthy, 1 = Drive Tripped. Bit 2: 0 = Auto, 1 = Hand. Bit 3: Inhibit. Bit 4: Service due. Bit 5: Standby. Bit 6: Drive Ready. Bit 7: 0 = Normal condition, 1 = Low or High Load condition detected. The Upper Byte will contain the relevant fault number in the event of a drive trip. Refer to section 13.1 for a list of fault codes and diagnostic information.
7	Output Frequen	ісу	R	Output frequency of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.123 = 12.3 Hz.
8	Output Current Output Current of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.105 = 10.5 Amp		Output current of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.105 = 10.5 Amps.	
9	Output Torque		R	Motor output torque level to one decimal place, e.g. 474 = 47.4 %.
10	Output Power		R	Output power of the drive to two decimal places, e.g.1100 = 11.00 kW.
11	Digital Input Sta	atus	R	Represents the status of the drive inputs where Bit O = Digital Input 1 etc.
20	Analog 1 Level		R	Analog Input 1 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%.
21	Analog 2 Level		R	Analog Input 2 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%.
22	Pre Ramp Spee	d Reference	R	Internal drive frequency set-point.
23	DC Link Voltage	Э	R	Measured DC Link Voltage VDC (P0-20).
24	Drive Temperatu	ure	R	Measured Heatsink Temperature in °C (PO-21).
30	kWh Meter (Us	ser Resettable)	r Resettable) R User resettable energy meter kWh (PO-26).	
31	MWh Meter (User Resettable)		R	User resettable energy meter MWh (PO-27).
32	kWh Meter (No	on Resettable)	R	Non resettable energy meter kWh (PO-26).
33	MWh Meter (N	Von Resettable)	R	Non resettable energy meter MWh (PO-27).
34	Running Time -	Hours	R	Total running time (Hours) (PO-31).
35	Running Time -	Min & Sec	R	Total Running Time (Minutes & Seconds) (PO-31).

10.2.3. Modbus Parameter Access

All User Adjustable parameters (Groups 1 to 5) are accessible by Modbus, except those that would directly affect the Modbus communications, e.g.

- P5-01 Drive Fieldbus Address see also P5-16 Drive Modbus Address.
- P5-03 Modbus RTU Baud Rate.
- P5-04 Modbus RTU Data Format.

All parameter values can be read from the drive and written to, depending on the operating mode of the drive – some parameters cannot be changed whilst the drive is enabled for example.

When accessing a drive parameter via Modbus, the Register number for the parameter is the same as the parameter number, e.g. Parameter P1-01 = Modbus Register 101.

Modbus RTU supports sixteen bit integer values, hence where a decimal point is used in the drive parameter, the register value will be multiplied by a factor of ten,

e.g. Read Value of P1-O1 = 500, therefore this is 50.0Hz.

For further details on communicating with Optidrive using Modbus RTU, please refer to your local Invertek Sales Partner.

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10.3. BACnet MSTP

10.3.1. Overview

Optidrive Eco provides an interface for direct connection to a BACnet MSTP network. Connection is made via the RJ45 connection port, see section 10.1. RS-485 Communications for terminal assignment and section 10.1.1. RS-485 Communications Electrical Connections for wiring requirements.

10.3.2. Interface Format

Protocol **BACnet MSTP** RS485, half duplex Physical signal

Interface RJ45

Baudrate 9600bps, 19200bps, 38400bps, 76800bps

Data format 8N1, 8N2, 8E1, 8O1

10.3.3. BACnet MSTP Parameters

The following parameters are used to configure the drive when connecting to a BACnet MSTP network.

Par.	Parameter Name	Description
P1-12	Control Source	Set this parameter to 6 to activate BACnet MSTP operation.
P5-01	Drive Address	This parameter is used to set the drive address on the BACnet network. Each drive on a given network should have a unique value. By default, all drives are set to MAC ID 1.
P5-03	Baudrate	This parameter is used to set up communication baudrate. It should be set to match the chosen baudrate of the BACnet system. Auto baudrate is not supported.
P5-04	Data Format	Use this parameter to set RS485 communication data format. Possible settings are as follows: n-1: No parity, one stop bit (default setting) n-2: No parity, two stop bits O-1: Odd parity, one stop bit E-1: Even parity, one stop bit The setting must match the requirement of the BACnet network.
P5-07	Fieldbus Ramp Control	This parameter determines whether the acceleration and deceleration time of the drive is controlled by the drive internal parameters (P1-O3: Acceleration Time, P1-O4: Deceleration Time), or controlled directly from the BACnet MSTP network. In most cases, using the drive internal parameters is the best solution.
P5-09	BACnet Device Instance ID Low	P5-09 and P5-10 are used to setup drive device instance ID value.
P5-10	BACnet Device Instance ID High	Instance ID = $(P5-10 * 65536) + P5-09$. The allowed setting range is Range from $0 \sim 4194304$. Default value is set to 1.
P5-11	Max Master	Set BACnet MS/TP max master property, range from 1 ~ 127. Default set to 127.

10.3.4. BACNet MSTP Commissioning

In order to connect the drive and operate on a BACnet MSTP network, the following procedure should be used.

- 1. Set P1-14 = 101 to allow access to the extended parameters.
- 2. On each drive, set an unique Drive Address in parameter P5-01.
- 3. Set the required baudrate in P5-03
- 4. Select the required data format in P5-04.
- 5. Define a unique BACnet Device Instance ID for each drive using parameters P5-09 and P5-10.
- 6. Select control from BACnet connection by setting P1-12 = 6.

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10.3.5. Object Dictionary **Binary Value Object:**

			Binary Value Objects Table	
Instance ID	Object Name	Access	Description	Active/Inactive Text
BVO	Run/Stop State	R	This object indicates drive run status	run/stop
BV1	Trip State	R	This object indicates if drive is tripped	TRIP/OK
BV2	Hand Mode	R	This object indicates if drive is in hand or auto mode	HAND/AUTO
BV3	Inhibit Mode	R	This object indicates drive is hardware inhibit	INHIBIT/OK
BV4	Mains Loss	R	This object indicates if mains loss happened	YES/NO
BV5	Fire Mode	R	This object indicates drive is in fire mode	ON/OFF
BV6	Enable State	R	This object indicates if drive has enable signal	YES/NO
BV7	External 24V Mode	R	This object indicates drive is in external 24V mode	YES/NO
BV8	Maintenance Due	R	This object indicates if maintenance service is due	YES/NO
BV9	Clean Mode	R	This object indicates if pump clean function is on	ON/OFF
BV10	Terminal Mode	R	This object indicates if drive is in terminal control mode	ON/OFF
BV11	Bypass Mode	R	This object indicate if drive is in bypass mode	ON/OFF
BV 12	Digital Input 1	R	Status of digital input 1	ON/OFF
BV13	Digital Input 2	R	Status of digital input 2	ON/OFF
BV 14	Digital Input 3	R	Status of digital input 3	ON/OFF
BV 15	Digital Input 4	R	Status of digital input 4	ON/OFF
BV 16	Digital Input 5	R	Status of digital input 5	ON/OFF
BV17	Digital Input 6	R	Status of digital input 6	ON/OFF
BV18	Digital Input 7	R	Status of digital input 7	ON/OFF
BV 19	Digital Input 8	R	Status of digital input 8	ON/OFF
BV20	Relay Output 1	R	Status of relay output 1	CLOSED/OPEN
BV21	Relay Output 2	R	Status of relay output 2	CLOSED/OPEN
BV22	Relay Output 3	R	Status of relay output 3	CLOSED/OPEN
BV23	Relay Output 4	R	Status of relay output 4	CLOSED/OPEN
BV24	Relay Output 5	R	Status of relay output 5	CLOSED/OPEN
BV25	Run/Stop CMD	С	Drive run command object	run/stop
BV26	Fast Stop	С	Fast stop enable object	ON/OFF
BV27	Trip Reset	С	Trip reset object (rising edge active)	ON/OFF
BV28	Coast Stop	С	Cost stop enable object (overrides fast stop)	ON/OFF
BV29*	Relay 1 CMD	С	User specified relay output 1 status	CLOSED/OPEN
BV30*	Relay 2 CMD	С	User specified relay output 2 status	CLOSED/OPEN
BV31*	Relay 3 CMD	С	User specified relay output 3 status	CLOSED/OPEN
BV32*	Relay 4 CMD	С	User specified relay output 4 status	CLOSED/OPEN
BV33*	Relay 5 CMD	С	User specified relay output 5 status	CLOSED/OPEN

^{*} This function only works if the relay output can be controlled by user value (Refer to the Optidrive Eco Parameter List for further details)

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Analog Value Object

	Analog Value Objects Table				
Instance ID	Object Name	Access	Description	Units	
AVO	Motor Frequency	R	Motor output frequency	Hertz	
AV1	Motor Speed	R	Motor output speed (0 if P1-10=0)	Rpm	
AV2	Motor Current	R	Motor output current	Amps	
AV3	Motor Power	R	Motor output power	Kilowatts	
AV4	Motor torque	R	Reserved	%	
AV5	DC Bus Voltage	R	DC bus voltage	Volts	
AV6	Drive temperature	R	Drive temperature value	°C	
AV7	Drive Status	R	Drive status word	NONE	
AV8	Trip Code	R	Drive trip code	NONE	
AV9	Analog input 1	R	Value of analog input 1	Percent	
AV10	Analog input 2	R	Value of analog input 2	Percent	
AV11	Analog output 1	R	Value of analog output 1	Percent	
AV 12	Analog output 2	R	Value of analog output 2	Percent	
AV 13	PID Reference	R	PID controller reference value	Percent	
AV 14	PID feedback	R	PID controller feedback value	Percent	
AV 15	Speed Reference	С	Speed reference value object	Hertz	
AV 16	User Ramp Time	W	User ramp value	Seconds	
AV 17	User PID Reference	W	PID controller user reference	Percent	
AV 18	User PID Feedback	W	PID controller user feedback	Percent	
AV 19	Kilowatt Hours	R	Kilowatt hours (can be reset by user)	Kilowatt-hours	
AV20	Megawatt Hours	R	Megawatt hours (can be reset by user)	Megawatt-hours	
AV21	KWh meter	R	Kilowatt hours meter (cannot be reset)	Kilowatt-hours	
AV22	MWh meter	R	Megawatt hours meter (cannot be reset)	Megawatt-hours	
AV23	Total Run Hours	R	Total run hours since date of manufacture	Hours	
AV24	Current Run Hours	R	Run hours since last time enable	Hours	

^{*} This function only works if the relay output can be controlled by user value (Refer to the Optidrive Eco Parameter List for further details)

10.3.6. Access type

- R Read only
- W Read or Write
- C Commandable

10.3.7. Supported Service

- WHO-IS (Reply with I-AM, and I-AM will also be broadcasted on power up and reset)
- WHO-HAS (Reply with I-HAVE)
- Read Property
- Write Property
- Device Communication Control
- Reinitialize Device

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10.3.8. Object/Property Support Matrix

		Object Type	
Property	Device	Binary Value	Analog Value
Object Identifier	×	×	×
Object Name	×	×	×
Object Type	×	×	×
System Status	×		
Vendor Name	×		
Firmware Revision	×		
Application Software Revision	×		
Protocol Version	×		
Protocol Revision	×		
Protocol Services Supported	×		
Protocol Object Type Supported	×		
Object List	×		
Max APDU Length Accepted	×		
Segmentation Supported	×		
APDU Timeout	×		
Number of APDU Retries	×		
Max Master	×		
Max Info Frames	×		
Device Address Binding	×		
Database Revision	×		
Present Value		×	×
Status Flags		×	×
Event State		×	×
Out-of-Service		×	×
Units			×
Priority Array		×*	×*
Relinquish Default		×*	×*
Polarity		×	
Active Text		×	
Inactive Text		×	

^{*} For commandable values only

Vendor Name: Product Name:	
Product Name:	Invertek Drives Ltd
	OPTIDRIVE ECO
Product Model Number:	ODV-3-xxxxxx-xxxx-xx
Application Software Version	n: 2.00
Firmware Revision:	2.00
BACnet Protocol Revision:	7
Product Description:	Invertek Optidrive Eco
DS-RP-B, DS-WP-B, DM-DDB-B, D Segmentation Capability: Able to transmit segmented mess	B-OWS) prkstation (B-AWS) D) Controller (B-AAC) Introller (B-ASC) Ty Building Blocks Supported (Annex K): M-DOB-B, DM-DCC-B, DM-RD-B ages Window Size
☐ Able to receive segmented mess	ages Window Size
 Whether objects of this type are of Whether objects of this type are of List of the optional properties sup List of all properties that are writed List of all properties that are conditional properties. 	be present in the device. For each standard Object Type supported provide the following data: dynamically creatable using the CreateObject service dynamically deletable using the DeleteObject service ported ble where not otherwise required by this standard litionally writable where not otherwise required by this standard for each its property identifier, datatype, and meaning

10.3.9. BACnet Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement

Device Address Binding:

Is static device binding sup devices.)	ported? (This is currently necessary for	two-way co	ommunico	ation with MS/TP slaves and certain other
☐ Yes ☑ No				
Networking Options:				
☐ Router, Clause 6 - List al	l routing configurations, e.g., ARCNET	-Ethernet, Eth	nernet-M	S/TP, etc.
☐ Annex H, BACnet Tunne	elling Router over IP			
■ BACnet/IP Broadcast N	Management Device (BBMD)			
Does the BBMD suppo	ort registrations by Foreign Dev	vices?	☐ Yes	□No
Does the BBMD suppo	ort network address translation	1?	☐ Yes	□No
Network Security Op	tions:			
☐ Non-secure Device - is	capable of operating without BACnet	Network Se	ecurity	
☐ Secure Device - is capa	able of using BACnet Network Security	/ (NS-SD BI	BB)	
☐ Multiple Application-Sp	pecific Keys:			
\square Supports encryption (N	S-ED BIBB)			
☐ Key Server (NS-KS BIB	3)			
Character Sets Suppo	rted:			
Indicating support for multip	ple character sets does not imply that th	hey can all b	ne suppo	rted simultaneously.
☑ ANSI X3.4	☐ IBM [™] /Microsoft [™] DBCS	□ ISO 8	859-1	
☐ ISO 10646 (UCS-2)	☐ ISO 10646 (UCS-4)	□JISXC	0208	
If this product is a communi	cation gateway, describe the types of	non-BACne	t equipm	ent/networks(s) that the gateway supports.

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11. Technical Data

11.1. Environmental

Ambient Temperature Range	Storage	All	-40 °C 60 °C
	Operational	IP20	-10 50°C without derating
		IP55	10 4000 11 1 11
		IP66	-10 40°C without derating
Maximum Altitude	Operational	All	1000m without derating
Relative Humidity	Operational	All	=< 95% (no condensation permitted)

Refer to section 11.8. Derating Information on page 72 for derating information.

11.2. Input Power Supply Requirements

Input Power Supply Red	uirements
Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed.
	380 – 480 RMS Volts for 400 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed.
	500 – 600 RMS Volts for 600 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed.
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage variation between phase – phase voltages allowed.
	All Optidrive Eco units have phase imbalance monitoring. A phase imbalance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping.
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variation.

11.3. Input Voltage Ranges

Depending upon model and power rating, the drives are designed for direct connection to the following supplies:

Model Number	Supply Voltage	Phases	Frequency
ODV-3-x2xxxx-1xxx-xx	200 – 240 Volts + / - 10%	1	50 – 60 Hz
ODV-3-x2xxxx-3xxx-xx	200 – 240 Volts + / - 10%	3	50 – 60 Hz
ODV-3-x4xxxx-3xxx-xx	380 – 480 Volts + / - 10%	3	50 – 60 Hz
ODV-3-x6xxxx-3xxx-xx	500 - 600 Volts + / - 10%	3	50 - 60 Hz

11.4. Phase Imbalance

All three phase Optidrive Eco units have phase imbalance monitoring. The maximum permissible voltage imbalance between any two phases is 3% for full load operation.

11.5. Output Power and Current ratings

The following tables provide the output current rating information for the various Optidrive Eco models. Invertek Drives always recommend that selection of the correct Optidrive is based upon the motor full load current at the incoming supply voltage.

Please note that the maximum cable length stated in the following tables indicate the maximum permissible cable length for the drive hardware and does not take into consideration EMC compliance.

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11.5.1. 200 - 240 Volt (+/- 10%),1 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	Power Rating		Input Current	Fuse o (Typ	r MCB e B)	Maximum Cable Size		Rated Output Current	Maximu Cable	Maximum Motor Cable Length	
	kW	HP	A	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	A	m	ft	
2	0.75	1	8.6	16	15	8	8	4.3	100	330	
2	1.5	1.5	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	100	330	
2	2.2	3	19.2	25	25	8	8	10.5	100	330	

11.5.2. 200 – 240 Volt (+/- 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	Power Rating		Input Current	Fuse or MCB Maximum Cable Size (Type B)		um Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Maximu Cable	m Motor Length	
	kW	HP	A	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	A	m	ft
2	0.75	1	3.6	6	6	8	8	4.3	100	330
2	1.5	2	6.5	10	10	8	8	7	100	330
2	2.2	3	9.3	16	15	8	8	10.5	100	330
3	4	5	15.1	25	20	8	8	18	100	330
3	5.5	7.5	20.4	25	25	8	8	24	100	330
4	7.5	10	24.3	32	30	16	5	30	100	330
4	11	15	37.9	50	50	16	5	46	100	330
5	15	20	50.5	63	70	35	2	61	100	330
5	18.5	25	59.9	80	80	35	2	72	100	330
6	22	30	76.7	100	100	150	300MCM	90	100	330
6	30	40	121	160	150	150	300MCM	110	100	330
6A	30	40	97.8	125	125	150	300MCM	110	100	330
6	37	50	159.7	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330
6A	37	50	134	200	175	150	300MCM	150	100	330
6	45	50	187.5	250	225	150	300MCM	180	100	330
6B	45	60	163.4	200	200	150	300MCM	180	100	330
6B	55	75	185.9	250	225	150	300MCM	202	100	330
7	55	50	206.5	250	250	150	300MCM	202	100	330
7	75	50	246.3	315	300	150	300MCM	248	100	330

11.5.3. 380 - 480 Volt (+ / - 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	Power	Rating	Input Current	Fuse o (Typ		Maxim	um Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Maximum Motor Cable Length	
	kW	HP	A	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	A	m	ft
2	0.75	1	1.8	6	6	8	8	2.2	100	330
2	1.5	2	3.6	6	6	8	8	4.1	100	330
2	2.2	3	4.8	6	6	8	8	5.8	100	330
2	4	5	8.2	10	10	8	8	9.5	100	330
3	5.5	7.5	11.5	16	15	8	8	14	100	330
3	7.5	10	15.7	25	20	8	8	18	100	330
3	11	15	21.3	32	30	8	8	24	100	330
4	15	20	25	32	30	16	5	30	100	330
4	18.5	25	32.8	40	40	16	5	39	100	330
4	22	30	39.3	50	50	16	5	46	100	330
5	30	40	52.3	63	<i>7</i> 0	35	2	61	100	330
5	37	50	62.5	80	80	35	2	72	100	330
5	45	60	79.5	100	100	150	300MCM	90	100	330
6	55	<i>7</i> 5	126.4	160	175	150	300MCM	110	100	330
6A	55	<i>7</i> 5	102.2	125	125	150	300MCM	110	100	330
6	<i>7</i> 5	100	167.4	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330
6A	<i>7</i> 5	100	138.2	200	175	150	300MCM	150	100	330
6	90	150	192.1	250	250	150	300MCM	180	100	330
6B	90	150	167.4	250	225	150	300MCM	180	100	330
6B	110	175	189.8	250	250	150	300MCM	202	100	330
7	110	175	210.8	315	300	150	300MCM	202	100	330
7	132	200	241	315	300	150	300MCM	240	100	330
7	160	250	299	400	400	150	300MCM	302	100	330
8	200	300	377.2	500	500	240	450MCM	370	100	330
8	250	350	458.7	600	600	240	450MCM	450	100	330

11.5.4.500 - 600 Volt (+ / - 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	Power	Rating	Input Current	Fuse o (Typ		Maximum Cable Size		Rated Output Current	Maximu Cable	m Motor Length
	kW	HP	A	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft
2	0.75	1	2.1	6	6	8	8	2.1	100	330
2	1.5	2	3.1	6	6	8	8	3.1	100	330
2	2.2	3	4.1	6	6	8	8	4.1	100	330
2	4	5	8.6	16	15	8	8	6.5	100	330
2	5.5	7.5	12.2	16	15	8	8	9	100	330
3	7.5	10	15.1	25	20	8	8	12	100	330
3	11	15	20.9	32	30	8	8	17	100	330
3	15	20	25.5	32	35	8	8	22	100	330
4	18.5	25	32.2	40	40	16	5	28	100	330
4	22	30	39.1	50	50	16	5	34	100	330
4	30	40	48.9	63	60	16	5	43	100	330
5	37	50	59.5	80	80	35	2	54	100	330
5	45	60	70.4	100	90	35	2	65	100	330
6	55	<i>7</i> 5	90.6	125	110	150	300MCM	78	100	330
6	<i>7</i> 5	100	121.1	160	150	150	300MCM	105	100	330
6	90	125	143.2	200	175	150	300MCM	130	100	330
6	110	150	158.4	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330

NOTE

- Ratings shown above apply to 40°C Ambient temperature. For derating information, refer to section 11.8.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature.
- The drive is protected against short-circuit from power output to protective earth for all rated cable lengths, cable sizes and cable types.
- 3 phase drive can be connected to single phase supply when the output current is 50% derated.
- The maximum cable lengths stated here are based on hardware limitations and do NOT take into consideration any requirements for compliance to any EMC standards. Please see section 4.3. EMC Compliant Installation for further information.
- The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit may be increased by 50%. When using the Invertek Drives recommended output choke, the maximum cable length may be increased by 100%.
- The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. Invertek Drives recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service life.
- For IP20 Frame Size 8 the Vector Speed and Torque control modes may not operate correctly with long motor cables and output filters. It is recommended to operate in V/F mode only for cable lengths exceeding 50m.
- Supply and motor cable sizes should be dimensioned according to local codes or regulations in the country or area of installation.
- For UL compliant installation, use Copper wire with a minimum insulation temperature rating of 70°C, UL Class CC or Class J Fuses (exception: Eaton Bussmann FWP series must be used for size 6A & 6B IP20 models).

11.6. Additional Information for UL Compliance

Optidrive Eco is designed to meet the UL requirements. For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Input Power Supply Requirements

Short Circuit Capacity

All the drives in the Optidrive Eco range are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100kA rms (AC) short-circuit Amperes symmetrical with the specified maximum supply voltage when protected by UL type J, T or CC fuses (exception: Eaton Bussmann FWP series must be used for size 6A & 6B IP20 models).

Mechanical Installation Requirements

All Optidrive Eco units are intended for indoor installation within controlled environments which meet the condition limits shown in section 11.1. Environmental.

The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 11.1. Environmental.

For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment.

For IP66 (Nema 4X) units, installation in a pollution degree 4 environment is permissible.

Electrical Installation Requirements

Incoming power supply connection must be according to section 4.4. Incoming Power Connection.

Suitable Power and motor cables should be selected according to the data shown in section 11.5. Output Power and Current ratings and the National Electrical Code or other applicable local codes.

Motor Cable 75°C Copper must be used.

Power cable connections and tightening torques are shown in sections 3.7. Mounting the Drive – IP20 Units, 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) and 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units).

Integral Solid Sate short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local codes. Ratings are shown in section 11.5. Output Power and Current ratings.

UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.

General Requirements

Optidrive Eco provides motor overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US).

- Where a motor thermistor is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P4-12 = 1.
- Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown in section 9.3. Parameter Group 4 - High Performance Motor Control.

For Canadian Installations:

Transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated as shown below, suitable for over voltage category III and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 2.5kV.

Supply Voltage Rating of the Drive	Phase-Phase Surge Protection Voltage Rating	Phase-Ground Surge Protection Voltage Rating
200 - 240VAC + / - 10%	230VAC	230VAC
380 - 480VAC + / - 10%	480VAC	480VAC
500 - 600VAC + / - 10%	600VAC	600VAC

11.7. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors - Disconnection Procedure

11.7.1. IP20 Drive Models

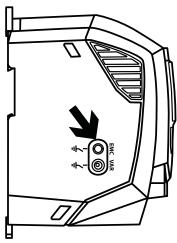
All Optidrive ECO models provide a simple method to disconnect the internal EMC filter and surge protection varistors by fully removing the screws shown below. This should only be carried out where necessary, for example in cases such as IT or ungrounded supplies, where the phase to ground voltage can exceed the phase to phase voltage.

The EMC filter disconnect screw is labelled "EMC".

The surge protection varistors disconnect screw is clearly labelled "VAR".

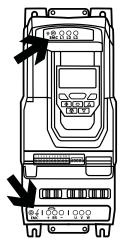
Frame Sizes 2 & 3

The EMC Filter and Varistor disconnect screws are located on the left side of the product when viewed from the front. Remove both screws completely.



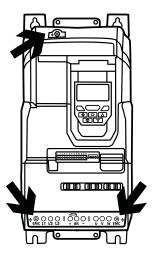
Frame Size 4

Frame Size 4 units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



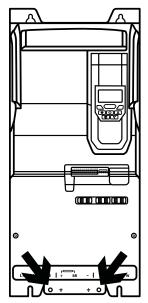
Frame Size 5

Frame Size 5 units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



Frame Size 6A/6B

Frame Size 6A/6B units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



11.7.2. IP55 & IP66 Models

These models require disassembly in order to disconnect the EMC filter. Disconnection should be carried out only by Invertek Drives Approved Service Partners.

11.8. Derating Information

Derating of the drive maximum continuous output current capacity is require when:

- Operating at ambient temperature in excess of 40°C / 104°F (IP55 & IP66) or 50°C / 122°F (IP20).
- Operating at Altitude in excess of 1000m/3281 ft.
- Operation with Effective Switching Frequency higher than 8kHz for IP20 models and 4kHz for IP55/IP66 models.

The following derating factors should be applied when operating drives outside of these conditions.

11.8.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature

Enclosure Type	Maximum Temperature Without Derating	Derate by	Maximum Permissible
IP20	50°C / 122°F	N/A	50°C / 122°F
IP20 Frame Size 5	35°C / 95°F	1.1% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C / 122°F
IP55	40°C / 104°F	1.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C / 122°F
IP66	40°C / 104°F	2.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C / 122°F

11.8.2. Derating for Altitude

Enclosure Type	Maximum Temperature Without Derating	Derate by	Maximum Permissible
IP20	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP55	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP66	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	4000m / 13123 ft

11.8.3. Derating for Switching Frequency

				<i>a</i>		/3.4.6	•				
Enclosure	Switching Frequency (Where available)										
Туре	Frame Size	4kHz	8kHz	10kHz	12kHz	14kHz	16kHz	18kHz	20kHz	24kHz	32kHz
ID//	2	N/A	N/A	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	N/A	N/A
IP66	3	N/A	N/A	0%	0%	0%	6%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
IP55	4	N/A	N/A	0%	0%	12%	23%	33%	41%	N/A	N/A
	5	N/A	N/A	0%	0%	11%	23%	36%	42%	N/A	N/A
	6	0%	16%	N/A	28%	N/A	39%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	7	0%	12%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2	N/A	N/A	0%	14%	23%	32%	37%	43%	N/A	N/A
	3	N/A	N/A	0%	2%	13%	19%	25%	35%	N/A	N/A
IDOO	4	N/A	N/A	0%	15%	13%	39%	52%	62%	N/A	N/A
IP20	5	N/A	N/A	0%	3%	9%	14%	19%	24%	N/A	N/A
	6	0%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	8	0%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

11.8.4. Example of Applying Derating Factors

A 4kW, IP66 drive is to be used at an altitude of 2000 metres above sea level, with 16 kHz switching frequency and 45° C ambient temperature.

From the table above, we can see that the rated current of the drive is $9.5~{\rm Amps}$ at $40^{\circ}{\rm C}$,

Firstly, apply the switching frequency derating (if any), 16 kHz, 0% derating.

Now, apply the derating for higher ambient temperature, 2.5% per $^{\circ}$ C above 40 $^{\circ}$ C = 5 x 2.5% = 12.5%

 $9.5 \text{ Amps} \times 87.5\% = 8.3 \text{ Amps}.$

Now apply the derating for altitude above 1000 metres, 1% per 100m above $1000m = 10 \times 1\% = 10\%$

 $8.3 \text{ Amps} \times 90\% = 7.5 \text{ Amps continuous current available}$.

If the required motor current exceeds this level, it will be necessary to either:

- Reduce the switching frequency selected; or
- Use a higher power rated drive and repeat the calculation to ensure sufficient output current is available.

12. Troubleshooting

12.1. Fault Messages

12.1. FQ	UIT N	nessages		
Fault Code	No.	OLED Message	Description	Corrective Action
no-FLE	00	No Fault	No Fault	Displayed in PO-13 if no faults are recorded in the log.
0-1	03	Over current trip	Instantaneous over current on drive output	Fault Occurs on Drive Enable Check the motor and motor connection cable for phase – phase and phase – earth short circuits. Check the load mechanically for a jam, blockage or stalled condition. Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered, P1-07, P1-08, P1-09. Reduced the Boost voltage setting in P1-11. Increase the ramp up time in P1-03. If the connected motor has a holding brake, ensure the brake is correctly connected and controlled, and is releasing correctly.
I_t-trP	04	Over load trip	Drive has tripped on overload after delivering > 100% of value in P1-08 for a period of time	Check to see when the decimal points are flashing (drive in overload) and either increase acceleration rate or reduce the load. Check motor cable length is within the limit specified for the relevant drive in section 11.5. Output Power and Current ratings. Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered in P1-07, P1-08, and P1-09. Check the load mechanically to ensure it is free, and that no jams, blockages or other mechanical faults exist. For a centrifugal fan or pump, a small reduction in output frequency could significantly reduce the load.
PS-ErP	05	Hardware Over Current	Instantaneous over current on drive output	Check the wiring to motor and the motor for phase to phase and phase to earth short circuits. Disconnect the motor and motor cable and retest. If the drive trips with no motor connected, it must be replaced and the system fully checked and retested before a replacement unit is installed.
0-vort	06	Over voltage	Over voltage on DC bus	The value of the DC Bus Voltage can be displayed in PO-20. A historical log is stored at 256ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-36. This fault is generally caused by excessive regenerative energy being transferred from the load back to the drive. When a high inertia or over hauling type load is connected. If the fault occurs on stopping or during deceleration, increase the deceleration ramp time P1-04. If operating in PID control, ensure that ramps are active by reducing P3-11.
U-vort	07	Under voltage	Under voltage on DC bus	This occurs routinely when power is switched off. If it occurs during running, check the incoming supply voltage, and all connections into the drive, fuses, contactors etc.
0-E	08	Over temperature trip	Heatsink over temperature	The heatsink temperature can be displayed in PO-21. A historical log is stored at 30 second intervals prior to a trip in PO-38. Check the drive ambient temperature. Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating. Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in section 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure mounting (IP20 Units) thru 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units) has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted. Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24. Reduce the load on the motor / drive.
U-F	09	Under temperature trip	Drive Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than -10°C. The temperature must be raised over -10°C in order to start the drive.
P-dEF	10	Load default parameters	Factory Default parameters have been loaded	Press STOP key, the drive is now ready to be configured for the required application. Four button defaults – see section 5.4. Changing Parameters.
E-Er iP	11	External trip	Digital Input External trip	E-trip requested on control input terminals. Some settings of P1-13 require a normally closed contact to provide an external means of tripping the drive in the event that an external device develops a fault. If a motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.
50-065	12	Optibus serial comms fault	Communications Fault	Communications lost with PC or remote keypad. Check the cables and connections to external devices.

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message	Description	Corrective Action
FLE-dc	13	Excessive DC ripple	Excessive DC Ripple on Internal DC bus	The DC Bus Ripple Voltage level can be displayed in parameter PO-16. A historical log is stored at 20ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-37. Check all three supply phases are present and within the 3% supply voltage level imbalance tolerance. Reduce the motor load. If the fault persists, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner.
P-Lo55	14	Input phase loss	Input phase missing trip	Drive intended for use with a 3 phase supply, one input phase has been disconnected or lost.
h 0-1	15	Hardware detected Instant over current	Instantaneous over current on drive output	Refer to fault 3 above.
th-FLt	16	Thermistor Fault	Faulty thermistor on heat-sink	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner.
dALA-F	17	I/O processor data error	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded. Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
4-20F	18	4-20mA signal out of range	4-20mA Signal Lost	The reference signal on Analog Input 1 or 2 (Terminals 6 or 10) has dropped below the minimum threshold of 3mA when signal format is set to 4-20mA. Check the signal source and wiring to the Optidrive terminals.
dAFA-E	19	M/C processor data error	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, factory defaults are reloaded. If problem reoccurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
U-dEF	20	User Parameter Default	User Parameter Defaults	User Parameter default has been loaded. Press the Stop key. Three button default – see section 5.5. Parameter Factory Reset / User Reset.
F-Ptc	21	Motor PTC over heat	Motor PTC Over Temperature	The connected motor PTC device has caused the drive to trip (analog input 2 configured for PTC device).
FAn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault	Cooling Fan Fault	Check and if necessary, replace the drive internal cooling fan.
O-HEAL	23	Ambient Temperature High	Ambient Temperature too High	Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating. Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure mounting (IP20 Units) thru 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units) has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted. Increase the cooling airflow to the drive. Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24. Reduce the load on the motor / drive.
O-Eor9	24	High motor current	Motor current above configured profile	Current Monitoring Function has detected motor current levels above the normal operating condition for the application. Check mechanical load has not changed and that the load is not jammed or stalling. For pump application check for potential pump blockage. For fan applications check airstream to and from the fan is not restricted.
U-tor9	25	Low motor current	Motor current below configured profile	Current Monitoring Function has detected motor current levels below the normal operating condition for the application. Check for mechanical breakages causing loss of load (e.g. belt break). Check motor has not become disconnected from the drive.
OUE-F	26	Drive Output Fault	Drive output fault	Drive output fault. Check for loose motor cables at the drive and at the motor or any termination in between. Otherwise refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
Sto-F	29	Internal STO circuit Error	Refer to your Invertek S	Sales Partner
ALF-OI	40	Autotune fail 1	Autotune Failed	Measured motor stator resistance varies between phases. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check the windings for correct resistance and balance.
ALF-O2	41	Autotune fail 2		Measured motor stator resistance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
AFE-03	42	Autotune fail 3		Measured motor inductance is too low. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults.
ALF-04	43	Autotune fail 4		Measured motor inductance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
ALF-05	44	Autotune fail 5		Measured motor parameters are not convergent. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message	Description	Corrective Action
Ph-5E9	45	Incorrect Supply Phase Sequence	L1-L2-L3 Phase sequence is incorrect	Applies to Frame Size 8 drives only, indicates that the incoming power supply phase sequence is incorrect. Any 2 phases may be swapped.
Pr-Lo	48	Feedback Pressure Low	Low Pressure Detected by Pipe Fill Function	Check the pump system for leaks for burst pipes. Check the Pipe fill function has been commissioned correctly (P3-16 & P3-17).
OUE-Ph	49	Output Phase Loss	Output (Motor) Phase Loss	One of the motor output phases is not connected to the drive.
Sc-FOI	50	Modbus Comms fault	Built-in Modbus RTU communication timeout or Communication Option Module Fault	When using Modbus RTU: Valid Modbus telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-05. Check the network master / PLC is still operating. Check the connection cables. Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level. When using an optional fieldbus Interface: Internal communication to the inserted Communication Option Module has been lost. Check the module is correctly inserted.
5c-F03	52	Plug-in communication option module timeout	Fitted communication Module Fault	A telegram containing a valid Control Word from the network master has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-05. Check the network master / PLC is still operating. Check the connection cables. Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level.
5c-F04	53	IO Card Comms fault	IO card comms trip	Internal communication to the inserted I/O Option Module has been lost. Check the module is correctly inserted.
5c-F05	54	BACnet Comms fault	BACnet comms loss trip	A valid BACnet telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-05. Check the network master / PLC is still operating. Check the connection cables. Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level.

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